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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
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Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business and promptly executes
WEDDING CARDS, VISITING CARDS, BUSINESS CARDS, BALL CARDS, FANCY SHOW CARDS, BILLS OF FARE, WINE CARDS, LAW CASES AND POINTS, POSTERS, HANDBILLS, PROGRAMMES, BILLHEADS, DODGERS, STATEMENTS, PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BOOKS, ETC.
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The canal which is to connect Manchester, England, with the sea is one of the greatest undertakings of modern times. Its total length will be 33 1-2 miles. It will be twenty-six feet deep, 120 feet wide at the bottom, and 230 feet at the top. It is about three fourths completed, and will cost about $45,000,000.

Observation step-ladders are the latest innovation in the Belgian field artillery. They are intended to enable the commander of a concealed battery to better direct the fire of the gunners. Every ladder is about seven feet and a half high, of iron, and weighs about 65 pounds. All ammunition wagons will carry the ladders.

The man that first sent out a crop report is a former Chicagoan, now resident in New York. Thirty years ago this man had 1500 customers all over the Union, and his credits depended much upon the condition of crops. One day he hit upon the idea of asking all his correspondents for crop reports. He sent out a circular and obtained a pretty good return. He gave the result to the newspapers, and it attracted considerable attention. The whole thing cost him about $30 in postage.

The value of investments in church property in Brooklyn is estimated by the New York Herald at nearly $20,000,000. Of this sum the Protestant churches represent about $13,000,000 and the Roman Catholic $7,000,000. The Protestants have 200 and the Roman Catholics 58 churches. The sum of the debts resting upon the Protestant churches is about $3,000,000, and upon the Catholic churches $1,150,000. The largest debt upon any is upon the Brooklyn Tabernacle, which is in debt $125,000.

It is not generally known that the President's salary is paid to him in monthly installments of $4,166 67. The warrant is brought to the White House by a special messenger from the Treasury Department, and after the President has indorsed it as he would an ordinary draft, his private secretary deposits it at the Columbia Bank. When the President is out of town the draft is mailed to him. The same method is followed in paying the Justices of the Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court of Indiana has affirmed a point of railroad law that is important, thinks the Boston Cultivator, in all agricultural communities. A farmer's cow strayed on the railroad track and was killed by a train. He sued the company for the value of his cow, and the company sued him for damages to the locomotive. The suit has gone through all the courts, until now the Supreme Court of the state has decided, in effect, that it is as much the farmer's business to keep his cows off the railroad track as it was the business of the railroad company to keep its locomotives out of his pasture lots, and that if either strayed on the property of the other their owner was liable for the damage caused. Consequently, the farmer pays for the damage to the locomotive, and the company does not pay for the cow.

Signs of the stability of the French Republic and the deep seated love for it among the people multiply on every hand, notes the St. Louis Star-Sayings. Incidentally the recent speech of Minister Constans may be cited. "France," said he, "felt herself strong enough to draw the proscription of princely pretenders. The Republic is open to all," he added, "but newcomers must not command." No less significant was his reference to the Republic's military establishment. With a calm faith in his country's future, he said, "France has found milliards of francs for the reorganization of her army and I have no doubt she will find many more. The army," he concluded, "must be made strong in order to make the nation respected by other powers." War against the French Republic will be less of a military excursion than the events of 1870-1871.

There has been a strike in China, even in the Hcho Palace, built by the Emperor for his mother, the Empress Dowager, after her retirement from the Regency. It was desired to do it over this year, and 10,000 workmen were engaged. Of these 3000 or more were carvers, a class who in China hold their heads high. Knowthat the date for completing the gardens was close, they struck for higher wages, and all the carpenters joined. They were receiving individually three meals and 2000 "cash" (ten cash are equal to a cent) but they demanded 7500 cash per day. On their employers refusing to comply a signal gun was fired, and thousands of workmen—carvers, carpenters, and masons—began to make threatening demonstrations. The officials on guard, finding the police impotent, called on the rifle brigade, Yuenming-Yuen Guards and cavalry, who surrounded the strikers. The affair ended in a compromise, the men receving 4000 cash per day, or exactly double their previous wages.

It Is Funny.

This world is very funny,
For no matter how much money
Man is earning he will spend it and be hard up all the time.
To his utmost he is straining
To catch up without attaining,
Till it makes his life a burden when it should be bliss sublime.

He who earns a thousand merely
Thinks two thousand yearly
Would be just the very figure to make happiness complete;
But his income when it doubles
Only multiplies his troubles,
For his outgo then increasing makes his both ends hard to meet.

It is run in debt and borrow,
Flush today and broke to-morrow.
Financiering every which way to postpone the day of doom;
Spending money ere he makes it,
And then wondering what takes it,
Till he, giving up the riddle, looks for rest within the tomb.

Oh! this world is very funny,
To the average man whose money
Doesn't quite pay for the dancing that he does before he should;
And he kills himself by trying
Just a little higher flying
Than is suited to his pocket and his own eternal good.

—[Frank E. Holliday.

IN THE RACE.

BY PAUL GRANT.

A large picnic started out from Daleville, going to Frechill spring, where, beside the spring, there was a grove, a bandstand and a dancing platform.

Half the village went, as is the way with villagers when on pleasure they are bent.

A long train of coaches stood ready to take them, and the railroad officials had put John McKee in charge of the human cargo, for, though a young man, he was reckoned as one of the best engineers on the road: careful, cool and quick witted, qualities much prized by railroad officials in this day of heavy damages. He had need of all these good qualities before the day was out, as will presently be told.

McKee had been looking forward for some time to this picnic. Daleville was his native place, and he had an engagement to escort one of the village beauties to it. He had been half-way engaged to her, but that was off now, a dandy drummer coming in between them. Dazzled by his finery and airs Jenny considered him quite a feather in her social, village cap, and McKee was very sore about it.

Of course the railroad officials did not know of all this when they selected him for the engineer for the run, railroads taking no stock in love affairs.

McKee now stood in his working clothes, and watched the crowds as they arrived and disappeared in the train. His keen eye soon spied out Jenny, escorted by the dressy drummer. As he leaned out of the window Jenny saw him. She turned away her head and talked to his rival faster than ever.

"All aboard!" shouted the conductor.

McKee laid his hand on the throttle, and the engine gave vent to an ear-splitting scream. He envied the thing. He wished he could scream, too. Then the started off.

They passed through Tanton without stopping. On a siding there was an engine all steamed up, waiting to take out a train as soon as it was made up. A mile or two beyond the town McKee halted at a water station. As the thirsty engine drank, the engineer jumped out and peered about to see if all was right.

The gay picknickers called to each other from the windows, laughing and joking, whilst some of the boys felt obliged to get out and stretch their legs.

Amid the din and clatter the watchful engineer heard a strange noise, and, looking up the road, he saw the engine they had left on the siding thundering down on them. Somebody had fooled with the switch, and somehow the throttle had gotten open, and in the temporary absence of the crew the engine felt it incumbent on it to join the picnic party. Another moment and it would be on them.

McKee sprang on his engine, threw the throttle wide, and, leaving some of of his crew and passengers behind, started off as fast as he could with his human freight.

The engine behind ran along at a moderate pace, as though, uninvited, it felt some hesitation in joining the pleasure seekers. But every moment this hesitancy lessened, and its speed increased.

Faster and faster it came down on the long train, whose engine, like a thing of life, struggled and strained to bear it out of danger.

The astonished passengers, when the train so suddenly started off, wondered what was the matter. Some pulled the bellcord, some shouted: "Stop! Stop! The conductor, the boys are left behind."

Indifferent to their remonstrances, McKee increased his speed every minute.

Then some of the passengers spied the engine in pursuit of them, and their cries and screams rent the air. "Oh! we are lost!"

Some were dumb with fright, while others yelled and screamed, cursed and prayed. "It is almost upon us! Lord, help us!"

They were now running at frightful speed. The heavy train, jerking from side to side along the road, seemed like a fugitive fleeing for its life.

Faster, faster, ever faster, they ran, but nearer, nearer, ever nearer, came the runaway engine.

The frightened passengers now began to leap from the windows, or jump from the platforms. They flew like balls through the air, and went whirling down the embankments—that is, the men did.

The women never budged. Some swooned, some prayed, some threw themselves about their male companions and wildly begged them to save them.

These hapless wretches sat, some weak with fright, some swore, some wept, and some burst from the detaining grasp of their female companions, and jumped off, as has already been told.

The drummer did this. He cast off Jenny's arms with unnecessary violence, and then he burst out of a window and was gone.

He went hurling through the air like a new sort of cannon ball. He struck the earth half way down the embankment, and rolled to the bottom, plowing up the ground as he did.

Before Jenny could take it in, he had vanished, for the flying train had borne her on. But when she did, she felt shocked at his desertion.

To think that he should leave her at such a time! If die they must, why not die together? John would never have acted so! Never! Oh, John! Oh, John!

Then she thought of McKee at the engine. All their hope of escape rested on him! As she remembered how she had treated him, a sickening feeling of shame and fright, queerly blended together, came over her.

She looked out of the window, and saw him looking back, his face quite white and set, watching their pursuer.

McKee stood with his hand on the throttle of his engine, desperate but cool. The officials knew their man when they put him there.

He turned on all the steam he could, and the trees and houses by the roadside seemed to fly by him in a confused mass.

But strain and strain as they might, the pursuing engine gained steadily on them.

He thought of the girl in the rear car. He looked out of the window, and saw the engine nearly on them. The sides of the long train were a mass of weaving heads and hands. He saw Jenny hanging out of a window. She waved at him. "Oh, John! Oh, John! for God's sake, save me," she exclaimed.

The engine was nearly on them.

Their engine had reached her top speed—she could go no faster.

The runaway neared them—was on them—struck them—and stopped. Her steam was exhausted. She had run to the last gasp.

But the train hurried on like a creature struggling for life. Gradually she diminished her speed, then slowed up and stopped.

They were saved!

The rescued passengers dashed out. They laughed. They wept. They embraced each other.

"John! John!" cried they. "But for McKee we would have been lost!"

They crowded around him as he leaped from his engine.

But his coolness was gone now. He shook and staggered like a drunken man. They seized him; they hugged him; shook his hands; kissed him.

"Is Jennie safe?" he asked in a husky voice.

All eyes turned on her. The coquet in Jennie had died of sheer fright. She now came forward, snatched the engineer's grimy hand and kissed it.

"My hero! My hero!" she sobbed in a burst of hysterical joy.

But John turned away, covering his face with his hands.

"Oh, John! Oh, John!" sobbed she and something in the tone of her voice rewarded McKee for all he had endured.

One of the crew now manned the runaway engine. The monster was quite helpless. Then the train began slowly to back, pushing their late pursuer before it. Stopping every now and then they picked up their castaways, some bruised, some with bones broken, but none killed.

The drummer had his leg fractured, his eye bunged, and a cut across his face that marred his beauty.

But strange enough Jenny did not view him with as much pity as John did. His selfish cowardice filled her with contempt. True, she had been equally as frightened herself, but that, she said, was different. She was a woman.

A timid woman is always hard on a cowardly man. This is one of the times when the old adage fails, and a fellow feeling does not make us wondrous kind.

The picnickers returned home without their picnic, but with their lives, for which they were duly grateful, having never realized their value before.

McKee has never ceased to rejoice that the railroad officials put him in charge of that train, and so have they. And two months later, when he and Jenny married, they sent him a handsome wedding present.—[Atlanta Constitution.

Wild Beasts His Friends.

Among the visitors to Seattle the past week was Peter Gallagher, a rancher living three miles from Benton. Mr. Gallagher is one of the pioneers of the sound country, and has lived on the same place for 20 years or more, taking up a quarter section as a homestead from the government. By years of hard toil he has cleared up and improved a splendid place, which though secluded from the outside world, is a model ranch, of which the owner is justly proud.

Mr. Gallagher is not given to hunting, and does not molest wild game of any kind, and to this may be ascribed the tameness of a number of animals which make the woods in that vicinity a home. One of these, a black bear, has for a year visited his stockyard almo t daily and eaten with the cattle, lying down among the calves and displaying neither fear nor ferocity. Mr. Gallagher goes among the stock, and frequently passes within two or three feet of his bearship, not only in the yard but in the woods. He pays no attention to the bear, and the latter never offers to molest him—on the contrary eats with evident satisfaction pieces of bacon and other scraps from the table that are thrown out to him. The bear is a handsome 300-pound fellow, and appears to enjoy the company of the cattle.

Other pets are a pair of fawns that run around with the young stock on the place, eating with the calves and lying down among them as contented as though with their own kind. They evidently came from the vicinity of Cedar Lake, where considerable hunting is done and from which section game is being driven. Mr. Gallagher says he had rather part with the best cow on his place than one of the fawns. This is the second time fawns have taken up their abode at this place, the first pair coming there about five years ago and remaining with his stock for two years, even going into the stables and being locked up over night. He gave them to a neighbor, who in turn presented them to friends at Snohomish and up the Skagit.

This sounds fishy, but not only is it vouched for, but it is further said that wild ducks and geese alight in his yard and show no fear in his presence, though the appearance of a stranger is the signal for flight. Mr. Gallagher never hunts, and will not allow hunting on his place nor interference in any way with his pets, either quadrupeds or winged.—[Seattle (Wash.) Times-Press.

The Right Arm and Left Foot.

The right arm is always a little larger than the left, but the left foot is almost always larger than the right, presumably because, while nearly every man uses his right arm to lift a weight or strike a blow, he almost invariably kicks with his left foot, while the lounger stands on his left leg and lets his right fall easily, because he has learned by experience that this is the best attitude he can assume to prevent lassitude and fatigue. This constant bearing of the weight on the left foot makes it wider than the right, and it often happens that a man who tries on a shoe on the right foot and gets a close fit has to discard the shoes altogether because he cannot endure the pain caused by the tightness of the left. If when riding on a street car you will take the trouble to notice, you will see that in laced shoes the gap is much smaller on the right foot than on the left, while with button shoes the buttons have to be set back ten times on the left shoe to once on the right.—[Globe-Democrat.

Relic of Commodore Perry.

That very interesting relic of Commodore Perry's fight on Lake Erie, his flagship Niagara, was sunk in Erie harbor in 1814. The Buffalo Courier says that after passing through various ownerships the Niagara now belongs to Superintendent D. P. Dobbins of Buffalo, who, it is expected, will raise this relic of a departed naval supremacy and exhibit her at Chicago in 1893, armed with the same caronades and smooth-bores with which her commander was able to say, "We have met the enemy and they are ours; one ship, three sloops, a schooner and a brig." This accords with the western idea that the world's fair is to be a museum of ancient relics.—[New Orleans Picayune.

Attention.

"Is he attentive to you?"

"Oh, very; he has been reading poetry aloud to me all the afternoon."

"Did you enjoy it?"

"Oh, yes, very much. He didn't wake me up but twice."—[New York Herald.

To Straighten Round Shoulders.

A young woman writes to The Woman About Town asking how to straighten round shoulders.

Round shoulders are such an affliction and so disfiguring that no amount of time and trial should be counted too great to straighten them. But the cure is really a very simple thing, after all, in case the deformity comes from carelessness in sitting and standing, and not from actual spinal disease. In the latter case a specialist should be consulted. In the former try this: The way to correct bent shoulders consists—not in throwing the shoulders back, as our teachers used always to be admonishing us when we were young. It consists simply in drawing the chest by muscular effort, as far as it can be drawn. With the chest drawn well up the shoulders will fall naturally into their proper place and the curve will be seen at the very first trial to be much reduced. This position of the chest should be constantly maintained. The muscles of the chest and abdomen will get very tired at first and set up a protesting pain, but think of the shapely shoulders you're going to have, and that will bear you up wonderfully, and by and by the muscles will get strong.

Then try this simple exercise several times a day, three times a day at first and gradually increasing. Take a perfectly upright position, with the heels together and the toes at an angle of 45 degrees. Let the arms fall relaxed at the side and draw up the chest as before. Then rise slowly up on the balls of the feet to the greatest possible height, and after remaining so for a minute, come slowly into a standing position without swaying the body backward out of the perfect line. This will be of great assistance, but the great trick of all, as you will see as soon as you try it, consists in keeping the chest well drawn up. There is one precaution to be observed. In keeping the chest drawn up, be careful not to neglect to inflate the lungs clear down. The temptation to breathe only with the upper part of the lungs is one that the German student, with his fine high chest and small waist, yields to too often. Which neglect of his lower lungs leads to grevious afflictions of the lungs.—[New York Sun.

The Coldest Spot on Earth.

The coldest known spot on the earth's surface is near Werkhojansk, Siberia. There, it is said, "the culminating point of excessive climate in all the world is reached." In other words, it is the pole of the greatest known cold. The lowest readings of the thermometer, taken by Sir George Nares, were noted at Floburg Beach, which was 81 degs. below zero, Fahrenheit. For a long time it was supposed that Yakutsk, 400 miles from Werkhojansk, was the coldest place in the world; recent observations, however, have exploded that notion. The soil at both of the places above mentioned is frozen to a depth of nearly 400 feet. It is believed to have been deposited in a frozen state during the glacial epoch, as no amount of cold could penetrate the earth to such an enormous depth.—[Harper's Young People.

Hypnotism and Crime.

"Can a hypnotized person be made to commit crime?" was very emphatically answered in the affirmative by Dr. Volsin of Paris, in a paper delivered before the British Association. He suggested to a subject under his influence to commit acts of incendiarism while hypnotically asleep, and there was obedience in each case. More than that a woman was recently sentenced in Paris for a succession of acts of robbery. It was ascertained that she had been habitually hypnotized, and upon investigation it was discovered that she had robbed under the suggestion of outside parties.—[Chicago Post.

Bovine Bisection.

Down in Texas a farmer recently sold to another farmer one-half of a cow and then refused to divide the milk, maintaining that he sold only the front half. The purchaser was required to provide the feed the cow consumed and compelled to furnish water for her three times a day. Recently the cow hooked a man, and the seller made the purchaser pay the damages claimed by the man hooked. This a case to be ruminated upon.—[New York Ledger.

They Are Very Numerous.

Many of the fools think they can beat the lawyer in expounding the law; one-half think they can beat the doctor in healing the sick; two-thirds of them think they can beat the minister preaching the gospel, and all of them know they can beat the editor in making a newspaper.—[Phrenological Journal.

Something in a Name.

The Guest—How's that? Four dollars a day! Stopped here a year ago and paid only half that much.

The Proprietor—Just so. Then it was the "McGinnis Tavern." Now it is the "Hotel McGinnis."—[Pittsburg Bulletin.

Through the Wheat.

When she came tripping through the wheat
It seemed to bend to kiss her feet,
And roses all the sod made sweet
And birds sang cheery;

The honey-bees were humming low—
Gold specs on roses white as snow,
Sweet roses—not so sweet I know,
As she was—Mary!

Her footstep seemed to wake a sound
Of tinkling music from the ground
That thrilled the winds that whistled round
With sweet caresses,

And on her forehead, white and sleek,
The rarest blossoms fell to wreak
Their love, and played at hide-and-seek
In her gold tresses.

Down fell the scythe upon the grass,
And: "Mary, Mary, will you pass?"
"You're in my way," she said: "Alas!
I must be going!"

"Not till you pay the forfeit sweet
Of coming this way through the wheat;
Ah! Mary—lips were made to meet—
A kiss you're owing!"

Up went the dainty finger-tips,
To shield the rich and rosy lips,
And all their red was in eclipse—
My luck seemed missing.

A moment only! then as she
Fled like a shaft of light from me
She cried: "I paid no forfeit—see?
You did the kissing!"
—[Frank L. Stanton, in Home Magazine.

HUMOROUS.

Better late than never—Husbands.

A round dozen—Hours on the clock dial.

The leading article at a horse fair is a halter.

A hot weather resort—Trying to keep cool.

What's in a name? Here's Chili in hot water.

Jumps at the conclusion—The sleepy man in church.

Arch remarks—Making fun of a bow-legged man.

Be content with your lot, especially if it's a lot of money.

People who give themselves away are often dear at the price.

A hot wave—Flourishing coals of fire around your enemy's head.

Raw recruits are like butter—a warm fire puts them on the run.

A fast man, like a fast horse, is always trying to lower his record.

The strongest butter in the tub is always the weakest in the market.

The man who likes to see his name in print should consult a directory.

Thieves have a habit of resolving themselves into appropriation committees of one.

The average wife hates to ask her husband for money, and in most cases he hates to have her.

A cornet player who asks his doctor to take out his bill in trade draws his notes a little too fine.

You may give a dentist just as much jaw as you please and he'll only look a little down in the mouth.

He—Darling, this engagement ring is worth $350. She—The last one I had cost $400. He—You are older, now.

The tramp is an easy-going sort; he just takes things as they come, and if they won't come he takes them along anyway.

First Deadly Enemy—The world is wide enough for us both. Second Deadly Enemy—Yes; but it is not deep enough for you.

"There's one thing about a dog, no matter how savage he may be." "What's that?" "He never bites a hole in his own pants."

"He is clever enough but a man of misdirected effort." "So I should say. He wound up an eight day clock every day for five years."

"So you want me to give you my daughter?" "I do, sir." "What are your prospects?" "That's what I'm waiting to hear, sir."

McSwizzle—A boat is a funny thing, and so polite, too. Bigjag—How polite? McSwizzle—Because it never goes before the public without a bow.

The Hare and the Fox.

A fox one day caught sight of a Hare in its Burrow and quietly lay down to wait for him to come out. After an hour or two without result Reynard became Impatient and advanced, with a grin on his Face, and said:

"Good morning to you, Sir Hare! Being as I was in the Neighborhood, I thought I would Call and see how you got along."

"That is Kind of you, and I am Happy to assure you that I am well," was the reply.

"I noticed," continued the Fox, as he looked around, "that you have dug your Burrow very narrow. Does this come about from any want of Confidence in me?"

"Oh, no! no! no!" quickly responded the Hare, as he Winked his left eye in the darkness; "the idea was to prevent accident to our Friend the Elephant. He might tumble in on me some night, you know."

"Yes; I tumble, too!" dryly observed Reynard, as he gave his chops another lick and started off.

Moral:—One should have no weak spots on his armor.—[New York World.

SUICIDE OF BALMACEDA.

Chili's Ex-President Blows Out His Brains at Santiago.

A Short Sketch of His Eventful and Turbulent Career.

Valparaiso, Chili, was thrown into wild excitement by the story that ex-President Balmaceda had shot himself through the temple in his room at the Argentine Legation, in Santiago, at 8:30 on a recent morning. There was great rejoicing at the capital, and the streets were illuminated that night.

Balmaceda attempted to escape from the country in disguise after the surrender of Santiago. The police were soon on his track. He found every avenue of retreat cut off and was obliged to return to the capital. He arrived at the Argentine Legation and no one was permitted to see him except the Argentine Minister and Senor Urriburia. Many plans of escape were suggested, but Balmaceda hesitated about accepting any of them. He continued in an extremely nervous condition, fearing the vengeance of the Junta. Senor Urriburia finally advised Balmaceda to give himself up to the Junta. Balmaceda retired at midnight apparently undecided as to what he should do.

A pistol shot was heard in his room the next morning by Senora Urriburia, who notified her husband. Urriburia went after Carlos Walker Martinez before he entered Balmaceda's room. The door was broken open. The body was lying on the bed, undressed, and a gaping wound was in the temple. The corpse was still warm. Balmaceda held the revolver tightly in his right hand.

As soon as the news spread through the city great crowds of people gathered about the legation. Their excitement amounted to frenzy. Domingo Torro, Balmaceda's brother-in-law, and Arrieta Melchor Corleta, the Uruguay Minister, hastened to the legation.

The Junta, upon receiving the news, immediately issued a commission, which comprised Carlo Walker Martinez, Senor Melchor, Senor Concho and Judge Aguerro of the Supreme Court. They viewed the body at the legation, and then drew up a process verbal certifying to the mode of Balmaceda's death. The German Minister, Gutschmidt, an old friend of Balmaceda, also viewed the fallen leader's body as it lay at the legation.

Balmaceda left a letter to his mother and a statement intended for publication. He declares in the latter that during the past eight months he had acted with the firm conviction that he was right, and that he had no one in the army whom he could trust. He believed that his generals were false to him, that they continually deceived him, and that had they obeyed his orders the battle of Concon would have been won by them. He declared that his heart had been with Chili; that he sought to rescue his country from foreign domination and to make her the first republic in America. He expressed regret that he did not take Minister Egan's advice, conclude peace, and retire from the country. His wife, he says, gave him $2500—all the money he had in his possession. Balmaceda also wrote Senor Urriburia, saying that himself alone was responsible for his death.

Sketch of His Life.

Juan Manual Balmaceda was born in Santiago fifty-one years ago. He was carefully educated for a priest at Santiago. As soon as his academic studies were completed his turbulent and active nature drove him into politics. He joined the Club de la Reforma, in Santiago, an organization composed of hot-headed young men who wanted to overthrow the Chilian Constitution of 1839. He was a fine orator and became the club's foremost leader.

At twenty-eight Balmaceda, who was already distinguished throughout Chili, was elected a deputy to the Congress. He served five terms with credit and was the champion and idol of the great Liberal party. President Santa Maria made him Minister of Foreign Affairs in 1885. The next year Balmaceda was elected President of the republic by an overwhelming majority. For three years the country enjoyed unprecedented prosperity and he was the most popular man in Chili.

His policy changed, and as the time drew near for his re-election, Balmaceda determined upon a coup d'etat to make himself master of Chili. He dismissed his able ministers and formed a cabinet with the unpopular Sanfuentes at the head. Balmaceda next announced Sanfuentes as a candidate for the Presidency. Quarrels with the deputies followed. Ministers were removed, restored again, and the civil war that has just ended was finally brought about.

NINE MEN KILLED.

Crushed to Death in a Railroad Collision in Pennsylvania.

A terrible wreck occurred on the Pittsburg and Western Railroad at McKim's Siding, Penn., a station a short distance on the other side of Zelienople, Butler County. At this point a work train with a force of fifty men was engaged in putting down a new track. About eight o'clock this train got out of the way of a freight train going west, but the crew did not know that a second section was following five minutes later. The work train again pulled out on the main track, and the men were engaged in throwing off dirt when the second section struck the work train with great force. Cars were piled up in a shapeless mass. The engines were a mass of broken iron and wood, and the hot steam and boiling water poured over the unfortunate ones caught in the jam. The trainmen and laborers who were not injured began at once to assist those imprisoned in the debris. The head of an Italian was found twenty feet away from the body. Engineer John Houghton, who had bravely done his best to stop his engine, attached to the freight train, was found wedged in broken and shapeless iron. By 11 o'clock the bodies of eight Italian laborers had been taken from the wreck and laid beside that of Engineer Houghton.

There were at least twenty men injured, several of whom cannot recover. All of the bodies were terribly mangled and disfigured. Engineer Houghton was the only American killed. His home was in Allegheny.

It is said that a mistake was made by the trainmen, who did not correctly interpret a signal, and that led to the accident. All the trains were delayed, but the large force of men at work soon cleared the track.

A LONDON BANK ROBBED.

From $750,000 to $1,250,000 Said to Have Been Taken.

An important bank robbery has taken place in London, England. The institution that has suffered is the London and Westminster Bank, Limited, 41 Lathbury, E. C., an important establishment having over fifteen branch houses in that city.

The money stolen consisted of a large parcel of bills remitted from the country banks. The thief or thieves gained access to an apartment near the main entrance to the bank. This apartment was easy of access from the street.

It is currently reported that the amount stolen is not less than $750,000, and it may amount to as much as $1,250,000.

Notice of the robbery has been sent to the police centres throughout the British Isles and on the Continent, and the sailing of every passenger vessel is being watched. Notice of the robbery has also been sent to all the banks upon which the bills were drawn, but the police theory is that no attempt will be made to change the bills in that country, but that the thieves will have recourse to the Continent, where the presence of so many wealthy travelers from England and the United States makes such transactions easier than in that country.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

ITALY'S crops are splendid.

IN Pittsburg car fare is three cents.

THERE are 50,000 beggars in New York.

AMERICAN pork is excluded from Italy.

CANADA'S census shows 6,000,000 people.

THE Connecticut peach crop is a small one.

BEET roots promise a great crop in Europe.

UNIVERSAL suffrage is to be the rule in Chile.

SAN FRANCISCO is shipping flour to China.

PENNSYLVANIA is going to have a naval reserve.

NORTH CAROLINA has 100,000 organized farmers.

PETROLEUM oil has been discovered at Colmgo, Cal

NEW JERSEY'S cranberry crop is estimated at 218,000 bushels.

ITALY has declined to participate in the coming World's Fair.

AN even dozen States have 1,000,000 acres or more in corn this year.

WHEAT and flour are cheaper in Chile than in San Francisco, Col.

THE railway postal clerks will hold their next convention at Washington.

PROMINENT Englishmen are inspecting Canada as a field for settlement.

BY a recent census the population of Guatemala is found to be 1,463,017.

A VEIN of natural gas was struck near Brownwood, Texas, at a depth of 1500 feet.

THE average crop of white honey for the United States is sixty-two per cent.—a fair average.

THE Louisiana sugar crop is reported as likely to reach from 400,000,000 to 500,000,000 pounds

THE peach yellows has assumed an alarming condition in various sections of Delaware and Maryland.

AN official report on the recent hurricane in Martinique, West Indies, makes the total number of killed 340.

THE Board of Lady Managers of the World's Fair have concluded their labors and adjourned sine die.

THE introduction of the telegraph is not liked by the Chinese, and a mob recently destroyed 10,000 telegraph poles.

FORESTS in Michigan and in the Western States are becoming exhausted, and cannot last but a year or two at the most.

IT is estimated that the hop crop now being gathered in Washington will bring to the growers $1,500,000 in clear profits.

THE State Board of Tax Commissioners of Indiana has increased the assessment of the railroads of the State $30,000,000 more than in 1889.

THE Grounds and Buildings Committee of the World's Fair have decided that only anthracite coal shall be used on the grounds during the exposition.

A YACHT recently left Honolulu, Hawaii, with a cargo of opium which she transferred at sea to a lumber schooner, which landed it at Puget Sound, Washington. By escaping the duty of $12 a pound the owners are said to have cleared fully $1,200,000.

THE old frame block composing the town of Sherman, on the summit of the Black Hills range of the Rockies, the highest railroad point in the United States, has been burned. The loss was $40,000. The Union Pacific station, containing the postoffice, was saved.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

SERVIA'S boy King writes verses.

THE Russian Czar is at work at 7 A. M.

THE new Queen of Hawaii is unpopular.

RUDYARD KIPLING is writing a drama.

W. W. ASTOR'S daily income has been estimated at $23,000.

SPURGEON was only nineteen when he preached his first sermon.

THE Prince of Wales desires to try his new yacht in American waters.

THE Ex-Emperor of Brazil, Dom Pedro, is a sufferer from melancholia.

M ROUVIER, the French Minister of Finance, was a traveling salesman.

IT seems to be an accepted fact in Germany that the Kaiser will visit us in 1893.

MRS. LANGTRY'S 5000-acre property on the Pacific slope has increased five-fold in value.

JUSTICE FIELD, of the Supreme Court, speaks Greek, Latin, Turkish, French and Italian.

EX-PRESIDENT GREVY, of France, left a fortune of $2,000,000. He has but one heir—his daughter.

THE late Professor Spencer was at the age of twelve thought the finest penman in the United States.

GENERAL WHEELOCKS, the last surviving officer of the battle of Waterloo, died recently in London.

BISHOP TALBOT, of Wyoming, has peremptorily declined his recent election to the diocese of Georgia.

JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL, C. A. Dana, Dr. Holland, Walt Whitman, Julia Ward Howe, and Queen Victoria were all born in 1819.

THE LABOR WORLD.

BISMARCK runs a brickyard.

NEW YORK teamsters have a union.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, will build a labor hall.

CANADIAN unions want Chinese excluded.

ILLINOIS has a State Typographical Union.

CHIEF ARTHUR, of the B. L. E., was an engineer.

UNEMPLOYED workmen paraded at Kansas City, Mo.

NEW YORK has an American-Italian stonemasons' union.

THERE are now 775 labor and farmers' papers in the United States.

LONDON omnibus drivers gained $90,000 a year by winning their strike.

THE Boston Cigar-Makers' Union have over $30,000 in their treasury.

THE British Trades Union Congress of 1892 is to sit at Glasgow, Scotland.

THE State Labor Commission will investigate the "sweaters" of Chicago.

THE average salaries of the mistresses in the London board-schools is $950.

GIRLS who work in electric lamp factories average $25 a month and telephone operators are paid $30.

A LABOR DAY parade of cowboys on their bronchos took place in Canon City, Fremont County, Col.

THERE are now about eight thousand union brass moulders in this country. Their wages are from $2 to $4 per day.

THE Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers held their annual session at Montreal, Canada. Chief Engineer Arthur presided.

A BOOMER'S BICYCLE.

It Beats All Horses at the Opening of Eastern Oklahoma.

Elmer E. McGuire, formerly of Winfield, Kan., now of Chicago, accomplished a wonderful feat at the opening of the Indian lands. He rode from Guthrie, Oklahoma, to Chandler and back on a bicycle, making the entire distance of ninety-five miles in eight hours and a quarter. He traveled over rough roads, part of the distance on an old Indian trail, and beat every boomer's horse in the country.

ENORMOUS sacks have been placed in the Kazan Cathedral, St. Petersburg, Russia, for the receipt of scraps of food, which will be sent to the famine districts and distributed. Some pieces of bread not larger than a radish, which had been toasted by the contributors, were found among the donations.

A RECENT estimate places the number of cans of tomatoes consumed annually in the United States at 84,000,000, of which Maryland produces one-third.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

THE REPUBLICAN POLICY

Briefly stated, the policy of the great National Republican party is:

First, To repeal all taxes on home production except on spirits, tobacco and beer.

Second, To levy the highest rates of duty that will not encourage smuggling on articles of luxury which enter into the consumption of the rich.

Third, To place on imported articles which compete with articles that can be manufactured or produced in the United States such a rate of duty as will secure to American farmers and laborers fair prices, fair wages and will induce our people to engage in such manufacture and production.

Fourth, To repeal all duties on articles of prime necessity which enter into the consumption of the American people and which cannot be produced in sufficient quantity in this country.

Fifth, To grant to foreign nations the reciprocal right of free importation into our ports of articles we cannot produce, in return for the free introduction into their ports of articles of articles of American production.

COMING TO AMERICA.

The money of the world is coming to America this year. Baron Rothschild has refused to place the new Russian loan because he thought that London and Paris would have to send to America this fall between £30,000,000 and £40.000,000 to pay for grain and provisions, and he did not think the two cities could spare any more money, That is between $150,000,000 and $200,000,000 that will be sent to the United States, according to the estimates of a very shrewd financial manager.

The Democrats call the McKinley law a "worse-than-war tariff." But it has increased our foreign trade during the first ten months of its operation in the sum of $53,435,123. It has increased free importation from 34,09 per cent of the total imports to 55,23 per cent, thus bringing in more than half of our foreign supplies absolutely free of duty. And it has reduced the per capita revenue duties from $4,62 to $2,59. But facts don't interfere with Democratic allegations.

In July, 1890, we paid to foreign manufacturers for woolen knit goods the sum of $480,161. For the same month this year we paid for the same kind of goods only $223,403. This means that in July, 1891, the tariff put $246,758 that would otherwise have gone abroad into the pockets of American makers of woolen knit goods.

The Norfolk *Landmark* is right when it says that the idea of making money plenty by having more coined or printed is a fundamental error. Whether money be cheap or dear, men must earn it before they can have it; and when they have earned it, then it is worth to them more or less simply according to what its purchasing value is.

Governor Hill seems to be the only New York statesman who is equal to the task of holding two offices "gracefully;" Fassett and Flower both resigned their offices, one as Collector and the other as Congressman, as soon as they were nominated for Governor.

Increasing manufacturers, prosperous business, extending foreign trade, and splendid crops are more potent arguments for retaining Republican rule than all the unfulfilled predictions of the "calamity" shriekers are for changing it.

The Wilmington Star closed its 48th semi-annual volume and twenty-fourth year on the 22d inst. It is the oldest daily newspaper in the State, always clean and newsy. It is one of the exchanges we never fail to open and glance over.

Secretary Rusk says that the new inspection law has increased the price of American cattle Europe $18 to $19 per head. This is another conclusive reason why the farmers out to stand by the Republican party.

The Raleigh *News & Observer* appears in a bright new dress, very much improving its looks. Though not agreeing with it politically, the CAROLINIAN concedes its editorial ability and wishes it financial success.

So far from preventing trade, the new tariff law has increased our foreign commerce. We know that this is against the theories of the free traders, but their maxims and the markets do not agree.

It looks now as if consumption will be widely prevalent in this country next year, but it will be consumption of American products by American consumers.

WHAT THE FARMER NEEDS.

What the farmer needs as much as any other one thing is a granary where he may safely store his own corn and wheat, and thereby be master of the situation. He can then sell as the grain is needed or as his necessities require and have some say as to the price. With a granary for his grain he may watch the market and take advantage of the "bulges" in quotations; without it he is a stool to the bulls and bears who once in possession of the crop hold absolute control of the market.

PLAIN REASONS.

A number of prominent Democrats in Ohio have decided in this campaign, to vote the Republican ticket. Among them is Darius White, a wealthy furniture manufacturer. He bases his action on very plain reasons, which he has expressed as follows.

This is a business campaign, with business issues dividing the two great parties. As a business man I cannot vote for free trade or free silver. I am for honest money and protection. My old party has declared for free trade and I cannot vote with that party on such issues.

Under the heading of "How to Load a Gun" an exchange proceeds to do a very grave injury. A man who would violate the writer's first rule and keep the muzzle toward his body, is precisely the man who might make an acceptable angel, but he is too big an idiot to get along in this world.

The efforts of the artificial rain-makers in Texas have resulted in failure. A great racket does not create moisture in a dry atmosphere. If it did there would be continuous rain in Ohio.

In several parts of the country the raspberry bushes have been beguiled by the fine weather into bearing a second crop of ripe and luscious berries.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, September 26, 1891.

The President has, it is understood here, decided that M. M. Estee, of California, shall enter his Cabinet when the re-drganization made necessary by the retirement of Secretary Proctor and the expected retirement of Attorney General Miller, takes place. It is as yet uncertain whether Mr. Estee will become Attorney General or Secretary of the Interior, as Secretary Noble will probably be given the privilege of exchanging his present portfolio for that of Attorney General if he wishes to do so, and it is believed that he does. Mr. Estee would probably have gone into the Cabinet when it was first organized, but he declined serving in any place except that of Attorney General or Secretary of the Interior, and both of these places had been tendered to and accepted by the present incumbents before the President was made acquainted with Mr. Estee's wishes.

Secretary Foster will go to Ohio about the first of October for the purpose of taking the stump for McKinley. His speeches will, in the main, be upon financial topics, although he will not slight State affairs, upon which few men in Ohio are so well posted. The Secretary takes special pleasure in recalling the doleful predictions which the democrats have made of the coming crash in the Treasury ever since he became its head, and of the ease with which the Treasury has passed every predicted crisis, not only without default or deficit, but with cash to spare All these things he will tell the Ohio voters in his own inimitable style. He will also show them with indisputable figures that the present democratic predictions of future bankruptcy are as wild and baseless as were all of those which have gone before.

Postmaster General Wanamaker, ever alive to increasing the efficiency of the postal service, had the Division Superintendents of the Railway Mail Service of the entire country here this week, in order that they might confer and give each other the benefit of their individual experience in improving the service. The improvement of the mail service has been continuous from the time it came back into the hands of the republicans, somewhat crippled on account of the inefficiency of a large number of the employes appointed by the Cleveland administration, but the improvement during the fiscal year ending June 30 last, as shown by the official reports, was something marvelous, and reflects great credit upon everybody connected with the service in any capacity. The railway mail clerks distributed 8,500,000,000 pieces of mail matter, which was 750,000,000 more pieces than were distributed the previous year, and only one error to each 4,192 pieces handled was made, against one error for each 2,799 pieces the previous year, and the number of complaints have been fewer than ever before, while the complimentary letters from business houses have never been so numerous. The Superintendents say that the present fiscal year will show a marked improvement upon the last, good as that was.

Not a Question of Health Exactly.

From the Baltimore American.

Whether it is proper for a woman to use a wheel seems to depend with a goodly number of people whether the wheel is that of a bicycle or of a sewing machine. A hundred protests will be raised against the one when used for healthful pleasure to one against the other forced by unhealthy toil.

Take Simmons Liver Regulator after your dinner. It prevents dyspepsia and indigestion.

North Carolina.

Correspondent of the Interior.

My late several weeks of travel in the "Old North State" that is South, yet is not too southern, persuade me that I was amazingly ignorant as to this one of the "original packages," that I then represented a large north-western class not yet exhausted, and that I ought to make them this disclosure.

To-day I question whether any other State in the Union is possessed of equal natural resources for maintaining herself as a separate and exclusive little empire. Lying halfway between the lakes and the gulf, with her feet in the ocean, and stretching westward over lowland, upland and mountain sections, till her head is bolstered by the Smoky Mountains, 7,000 feet up and 500 miles away, she holds the golden mean of this temperate zone, and is gifted with bountiful variety of climate and productions by great change in elevations And still, shielded west and northwest by her private mountains, and the gulf stream washing her coast, she keeps mild tempered even at mid-winter, vegetation in parts always growing, and stock always grazing even in the mountains at New Year's. Her soil is productive of all good things to eat, drink, wear, and keep warm by, besides something to chew; and two-thirds of her 52,000 square miles is still shadowed by forests of heavy timber. Her pockets are full of useful minerals, notably iron, gold, and copper. She enjoys a rainfall of forty-five inches, has a mean summer warmth that is not mean of 75 degrees, and a winter coolness of 43. In the midst of tar, pitch and turpentine she revels in good health. She grows chiefly cotton, corn, tobacco, wheat, oats, rice and rye. Her factories handle cotton, wool, tobacco, iron, paper, furniture and cotton seed oil. In her fish and oyster beds sleep millions of tons of food—enough for people of brains and those who need them. She rides upon 1100 miles of her many streams by steam craft and has railways enough to toddle about comfortably on. So you see, she could manage to live alone—a nice old maid—if the rest of the country gave her the mitten.

The Situation in New York.

Chauncey M. Depew,

"The Republicans can win the National election without New York; the Democrats cannot. Therefore, the whole Presidential contest within the Democratic party will be fought in this State this fall. If Flowers wins, it demonstrates that other Democrats besides Governor Hill can carry the State of New York, and therefore Hill will cease to have his strongest claim upon the Democratic nomination for President. Mr. Flower has been long enough in Congress to make, with his popular ways among his friends, such an impression upon the men who will control the delegations from other States to the next Democratic National Convention that if he is elected this fall both Hill and Cleveland will be back numbers, and he may persuade these men that Flower will be the only man with whom they can win. The Democratic party, therefore, is afflicted with colic and cramps. It doubles up the Cleveland man with the fear that it may relegate his favorite to the lumber-garret of ex-Presidential obscurities, and it keeps the Hill man twisting around the floor in lively contortions in the helpless effort to discover, if Flower is selected, where Hill comes in. The dangers of this serious complaint are increased by the Chapin soreheads and the Jones bigheads, while the Counties and the Voorhis elements and the Stecklers are reaching with long knives for the vitals of the organization which is the parent of them all. This situation arouses our sympathy for the victims."

TO THE LADIES.

There are thousands of ladies throughout the country whose systems are poisoned, and whose blood is in an impure condition from the absorption of impure matter, due to menstrual irregularities. This class are peculiarly benefited by the wonderful tonic and blood-cleansing properties of Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium—P P P. Roses and bounding health take the place of the sickly look, the lost color, and the general wreck of the system. P P P is the cure—be sure to get it at once.

Cure Your Corns by Using Abbott's East Indian Corn Paint o Corns, Bunions and Warts, it is great.

Malaria.

This disease yields quickly to the wonderful powers of P P P, (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium) People living in miasmatic countries should never be without P P P. A word to the wise is sufficient.

The State Auditor has paid $400 which was offered for the capture and delivery of William Whitson and Thomas Whitson, for whom rewards of $200 each have been outstanding ever since 1882 for the murder of C. C. Bird, in Mitchell county

A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case when used for any affection of Throat, Lungs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe and can always be depended upon Trial bottles free at A. W. Haff's drug store.

Gov. Holt has commissioned Col. Julius S. Carr, of Durham, as the representative of Tobacco interests at the Southern Inter-State Exposition, and also at the World'd Fair at Chicago.

Look to Simmons Liver Regulator for relief from all sickness arising from a diseased liver.

Why I am a Protectionist.

By Hon. J. F. Hanson, of Georgia.

I believe, 1st—That domestic employment and production are essential to national wealth and independence.

2d—That the earning power of labor measures the purchasing and consuming power of a people, and determines the volume of business upon which all classes depend for prosperity

3d—That the highest wages for labor consistent with fair returns upon capital and fair prices for products promotes the greatest national prosperity, because a man earning three dollars a day has three times the wealth creating power of a man earning one dollar.

4th—That unrestricted foreign competition would destroy our industrial independence, reduce the wages of labor, shrink the volume of internal trade, deplete our national wealth, enrich Europe and ruin us—hence I am a Protectionist.

LITERARY NOTICES.

GREAT GUNS.—The great interest which is felt in sea-coast defense gives a peculiar timeliness to the illustrations of great guns at Sandy Hook contained in Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper for September 28th. Another timely and interesting page-picture depicts the detention of emigrant Russian Jews at the New York Barge Office. The timber industry of the St. Lawrence river is illustrated copiously, accompanied by an entertaining descriptive article. There are handsome portraits of the rival candidates for Governor of New York; a number of pictures illustrative of recent foreign events, and Mr. A. B. Schanz's narrative of his experiences in Alaska is commenced, accompanied by a page illustration. Get it of your newsdealer. Price ten cents.

Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for October. Rome, the Eternal city, which in these progressive times is rapidly outgrowing the picturesqueness that formerly endeared it to travelers, is sympathetically described and admirably illustrated, in its modern aspects, in an article entitled "Roma-Amor," by Henry Tyrrell, opening the October number. "A Terrible Case," the new serial story by that favorite novelist, Etta W. Pierce, begins propitiously. Other articles are: Historic Island of Mackinac, by the Marquise Lanza; "Artists' Models," by Isabel McDougall; George C. Hurlbut tells of a subterranean river journey in France; "A Lady's Ride up the Polar Pass," by Mrs David K ; "Decisive Battles as Factors of Progress" by W L Culver; an Egyptian sketch by Col J F Milliken; "Lawrence Alma Tadema, R. A."; "Recollections of James Russell Lowell"; and "The Ivory Gates" (Human Teeth), by Charles Lotin Hildreth, The short stories by Lucy Hooper, Dr Parsons and others are good.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS Cures Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Nervousness, and General Debility. Physicians recommend it. All dealers sell it. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

A syndicate, with $45,000 capital, is being formed at Raleigh, to own W. P. Batchelor's great horse Pamlico.

Despondency, caused by a diseased liver, can be avoided by taking Simmons Liver Regulator.

The attacks on L. L. Polk by the State press are this week more numerous and severe than ever before.

B. F. Rodman's iron works, at Washington, Beaufort county, were burned a few days ago The loss is $5,000, with $1,500 insurance.

LIPPMAN'S PYRAFUGE A SURE CURE FOR CHILLS & FEVER DUMB AGUE AND MALARIA

LIPPMAN BROS., Proprietors, Druggists, Lippman's Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

KAYTON'S OIL OF LIFE THE BEST LINIMENT IN THE WORLD CURES PAINS IN THE BACK, JOINTS SIDE, & ALSO RHEUMATISM NEVRALGIA, HEADACHE, &c KAYTON'S OIL OF LIFE IS AN OLD GERMAN LINIMENT & Expels pain quickly. LIPPMAN BROS. SAVANNAH, GA. SOLE AGENTS IN THE U. S.

ABBOTT'S EAST INDIAN CORN PAINT REMOVES CORNS, BUNIONS AND WARTS SPEEDILY AND WITHOUT PAIN. LIPPMAN BROS. DRUGGISTS, AGENTS SAVANNAH, GA.

—FOR SALE BY— GRIGGS & CARTWRIGHT AND ALEX. WADSWORTH.

The Elizabeth City Academy. FOR BOTH SEXES

Prepares for business or college. Special course for Teachers. Unexcelled advantages in Music.

THE LARGEST PRIVATE SCHOOL IN EASTERN CAROLINA.

A full corps of teachers and a large, commodious building.

Board and tuition for term of 38 weeks cost from $115 to $125. Music and Art extra.

The Fall session opens Monday, September 21st, 1891.

Send for Catalogue. Address S. L. SHEEP, Principal, Elizabeth City, N. C.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER DISEASE: Loss of appetite; bad breath; bad taste in the mouth; tongue coated; pain under the shoulder-blade; in the back or side—often mistaken for rheumatism; sour stomach with flatulency and water-brash; indigestion; bowels lax and costive by turns; headache, with dull, heavy sensation; restlessness, with sensation of having left something undone which ought to have been done; fulness after eating; bad temper; blues; tired feeling; yellow appearance of skin and eyes; dizziness, etc.

Not all, but always, some of these indicate want of action of the Liver. For

A Safe, Reliable Remedy that can do no harm and has never been known to fail to do good.

Take Simmons Liver Regulator —AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR— Malaria, Bowel Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Kidney Affections, Jaundice, Mental Depression, Colic.

A PHYSICIAN'S OPINION.

"I have been practising medicine for twenty years and have never been able to put up a vegetable compound that would, like Simmons Liver Regulator, promptly and effectually move the Liver to action, and at the same time aid (instead of weakening) the digestive and assimilative powers of the system."

L. M. HINTON, M. D., Washington, Ark.

ONLY GENUINE Has our Z Stamp in red on front of wrapper.

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

NOTICE

NORTH CAROLINA. Pasquotank County, In the Superior Court.

S. C. Grice and others, plaintiffs, vs P. Clifford Richardson and others, defendants

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court upon the affidavit filed in this cause, that the defendants Mary L. Richardson, Florence L. Davenport, Flossie Glover, Jack Glover and Susan Glover cannot after due diligence be found in the State and are non-residents of the State, but own property in the State, and the plaintiffs have a just cause of action against them of which this Court has jurisdiction: It is therefore ordered by the Court on motion of Grandy & Aydlett, Attorneys for plaintiffs, that publication be made six weeks in the NORTH CAROLINIAN, a newspaper published in Elizabeth City, Pasquotank county, N. C., notifying the defendants to appear before the Clerk of this Court, in Elizabeth City, N. C.; on the 24th day of September next, and answer or demur as they may be advised or judgment will be rendered against them by default.

The purpose of this action is to sell real estate to make partition.

It is further ordered by the Court that a publication of a copy of this order for six successive weeks shall be sufficient notice to the defendants for service of summons in this cause.

J. P. OVERMAN, Clerk Superior Court

August 17, '91.

NOTICE.

NORTH CAROLINA. Pasquotank County. In the Superior Court, July 9th, 1891

John F. Davis, plaintiff, vs. E. A. Parmele & J. B. Eccleston, trading as Parmele & Eccleston, defendants.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court upon the affidavit filed in this cause, that the defendants cannot be found in the State, and are non residents of the State, but own property in the State, and the plaintiff has a cause of action against them of which this Court has jurisdiction; it is therefore on motion of Grandy & Aydlett, attorneys for plaintiff, ordered by the Court that publication be made six weeks in the NORTH CAROLINIAN a newspaper published in Elizabeth City, notifying the said defendants to appear at the next term of this Court to be held in Elizabeth City, N. C., on the third Monday in September, next, and answer or demur as they may be advised, or judgment will be rendered against them by default. The purpose of this action is to recover the sum of $259.05 money due for the sale of lumber and money advanced to defendants according to contract.

Let the defendants also take notice that a warrant of attachment has been issued in this cause returnable to the next term of this Court against the property of the defendants in North Carolina.

It is further ordered by the Court that a publication of a copy of this order for six successive weeks shall be sufficient notice to the defendants for service of summons and attachment in this cause.

J. P. OVERMAN Clerk Superior Court

EXECUTION SALE.

By virtue of an execution directed to me from the Superior Court of Pasquotank county, I will sell on Monday the 7th day of Sept. 1891, at 12 o'clock M, at the Court House door in Elizabeth City, N. C., to the highest bidder for cash, all the right titleand interest which D A Sawyer has in the following described real and personal property, to-wit. Lying in Newland township, Pasquotank county, N. C, adjoining the lands of J. R. Brite, Henry Hewett, Robert Morgan and the Pasquotank River, and containing about three hundred and twenty (320) acres. Said sale to satisfy executions in my hands for collection against said D. A. Sawyer in favor of John L. Hinton, said property having been heretofore levied upon by me according to law.

July 8, '91. T. P. WILCOX, Sheriff Pasquotank Co

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

The undersigned having qualified as Executors upon the estate of the late John H. Perry deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the said estate to present them within one year from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of recovery. This July 21st, 1891,

J. W. PERRY, T. C. PERRY, Executors

Guilford College.

Elegant buildings, fine equipments, superior advantages in all Departments. Three full College courses and also

NORMAL AND BUSINESS COURSES.

Lessons in Type writing and Lhort hand. Thorough instructors, large and valuable

LIBRARIES.

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Fall term opens August 19th.

Fish Advertisements

SHIP YOUR SHAD AND OTHER CHOICE FISH TO CALEB HALEY & CO Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of FRESH FISH,

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Game and Terrapin, Special attention paid to sale of North Carolina Shad. Nos 9, 10, 36 & 37 Dock Street PHILADELPHIA, PA. Consignments solicited and Shipping Orders promptly attended to.

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Price, $5 Per Box.

One box will cure 50 per cent of all cases when the directions are strictly followed. Address S. W. Woodley, P. O. Box 45, Creswell, N. C

NOTICE

NORTH CAROLINA, PASQUOTANK COUNTY.

Know all men by these presents, That C. E Kramer, John A. Kramer, Allen K. Kramer, Joseph P. Kramer and R. O. Prevet, having made application in due form of law for Letters of Incorporation under the name and style of Kramer Bros. & Co. (Incorporated), and having paid the tax required by Section 679 of the Code of North Carolina.

Now therefore by virtue of the power conferred upon me by Section 679 of said Code, I do hereby declare

That the said C. E. Kramer, John A. Kramer, Allen K. Kramer, Joseph P. Kramer and R. O. Prevet, and their associates and successors, be and the same are hereby constituted a body corporate, under the name and style of Kramer Bros & Co. (Incorporated), and that the same shall sue and be sued, acquire, hold and sell real and personal property may adopt a common seal, alter the same at pleasure, and define their duties and powers, make by-laws and regulations for their own government, and for the due and orderly conducting of their affairs and the management of their property, and perform all other acts authorized by law for a corporation to perform.

2. That said Corporation shall have the power to (a) operate steam, saw and planing mills in Elizabeth City, N. C., and if necessary to own and operate one or more steam vessels in connection therewith; (b) to manufacture and deal in all kinds of lumber, building material and furniture; (c) to buy and sell real property, and (d) to erect houses for sale or on contract.

3. That said Corporation shall have its place of business and do its manufacturing at Elizabeth City, N. C., and may continue for the space of ten years from the 17th day of August, A. D. 1891.

4. That said Corporation may commence business whenever twelve thousand and five hundred [$12,500] dollars have been subscribed and actually paid in, but may at any time increase its capital stock to the sum of thirty thousand [$30,000] dollars, to be represented by six hundred [600] shares of the par value of Fifty [$50] Dollars each.

In witness thereof I, J. P. Overman, clerk of the Superior Court of Pasquotank county, have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed my seal of office at Elizabeth City, in said county, on this the 17th day of August, A. D. 1891.

J. P. OVERMAN, Clerk of the Superior Court of Pasquotank County, N. C.

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—AND— CANOES.

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WILLETS & CO., PHILA., PA.

FITS CURED. We will send a LARGE TRIAL BOTTLE. Free by mail Also, Treatise on Epilepsy. DON'T SUFFER ANY LONGER Give Post Office and Age plain. MALL CHEMICAL CO., 3360 Fairmount Ave., Phila. Pa.

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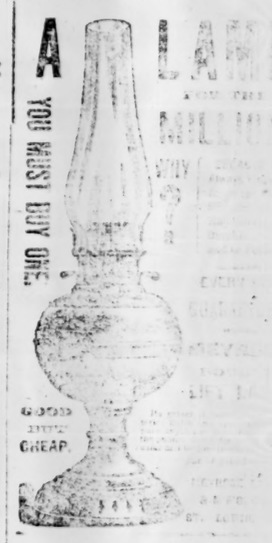

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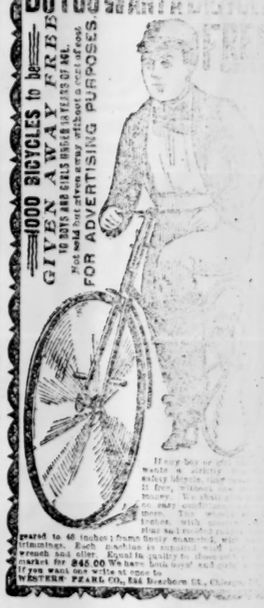

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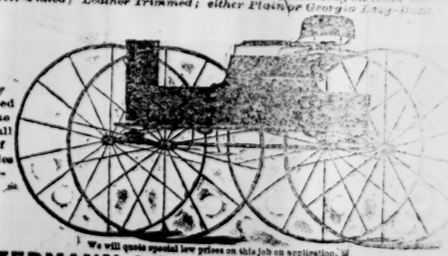
THREE QUARTER OPEN BUGGY Spring in the world, also hung on Brewster or Elliptic Springs. Finely Finished; Bands, Seat-Rail and Handles Moulding on Dash being Silver-Plated; Leather Trimmed; either Plain or Canopy Top.



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DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover. Commissioners C. W. Overman, E. F. Aydlett, L. P. Etheridge, J. E. Snell and Elisha Overton. Clerk—J. W. Albertson jr, Treasurer—Geo. M. Scott. Constable and Collector—Thomas Spires. Attorney—W. J. Griffin, Collector of Customs—Solomon John. Postmaster—C. Guirkin.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. B. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Brimmell. Meet on the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays of each month at corner of Road and Church streets.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. E. M. Jordan, Pastor. Baptist—Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, Pastor. Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. Presbyterian—Rev. E. H. Johnson, Pastor. Colored Methodist—Rev. M. P. Hawkins, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder [illegible] Berry, Pastor. Olive Branch—Elder [illegible] Banks, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317—Dr. W. W. Griggs W. M. [illegible] Bradford Sec'y and [illegible] Kramer Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achores Lodge, No. 14—Jacob Salomonsky N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. J. Sanders, Treasurer,

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council, No. 1209—Fred. Davis, Regent, M. B. Culpepper Secretary, C. E. Kramer, Treas'r.

American Legion of Honor J. D. Fulmer, Commander; Zenus Fearing, Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Burgess, Dictator; Wm. Towe, Reporter; Ed. Davis, Treasurer.

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THE COUNTY.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, Chairman; Elisha Lister, Elliott Whitehurst, Rufus Scott, M. W. Budkins. Sheriff, Tho's P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb. Board of Education, W. J. Griffin, R. B. Creecy jr., and N. E. Jones. Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep

—MISCELLANEOUS.—

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J. W. ALBERTSON. J. W. ALBERTSON JR.
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First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table. Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights. Free Bus.
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Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel
Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests, Table well supplied, Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

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This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the traveling public.
FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Livery Stables Furnished when Desired
Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers
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HOTEL MERRIAM,
WATER STREET,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
SITUATED IN THE BUSINESS PART OF THE CITY.
J. E. MERRIAM, Proprietor.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, September 30, 1891.

It's been a hot September.

The Park Fair next. Let all join and make it a big thing.

A seventy-five foot whale is reported ashore at Chicamicomico.

Cotton is opening finely and the pickers are at work. The music of the gin will soon begin.

Col. L. L. Polk has accepted an invitation to deliver an address at the Park Fair on Thursday, October 29th.

Judge Brown will hold Chowan Court at Edenton next week. The editor of the CAROLINIAN hopes to meet his friends there on Monday.

A close weather observer says: "This has been a remarkable season. It was the coldest July, the wettest August and the hottest September for many years."

The Managers of the Elizabeth City Fair take pleasure in publicly acknowledging their indebtedness to Manager M. K. King of the Norfolk and Southern Railroad for reduced rates and special trains.

The names of those to whom premiums were awarded will be found in another column of this week's CAROLINIAN. Some of them received several premiums. Call on Secretary Underwood and he will pay the money.

Capt. Samuel Waters informs the CAROLINIAN that he has ordered machinery for bottling juniper water. It's purity and health promoting properties are well known and when properly put up for convenient use it will not only command a large sale here but will be a boon to the public.

Quite a number of farmers called at the CAROLINIAN office during the past week. Excepting cotton, which is short, they reported fair crops and they all appeared to be cheerful, hopeful and satisfied with the outlook. When the farmers are in good spirits and prosper all "the rest of us" have good grounds for encouragement.

The editor spent Monday at Hertford and, as always, he had a very pleasant time. A larger crowd than usual was in attendance at Court, the "white cap" trial creating much interest. Seven of them submitted, the trial of the other two, Wingate and Weeks, took place yesterday. There are about 40 cases on the State docket.

——We were pleased to see that the town is making constant progress. Among the new buildings just erected is a very pretty and commodious store by W. O. Speight, one of the most worthy and enterprising young men of the place. It is a credit to any town. Mr. W. F. Stokes was the builder. The material was purchased in Elizabeth City. "Mine host," of the Eagle Hotel takes the lead in patronage, everybody stopping there.

Court did not adjourn until Saturday evening. A large amount of business was done. In the case of Amos Rawlings, for burglary, he was allowed to plead guilty in the second degree and was sentenced two years in the Penetentiary. The case of William Gerrels, accused of an attempted outrage, was continued. Ellis Basnight and Stephen Hollowell, both colored, they were convicted of larceny and sentenced four months in the county jail. There were several convictions for assault and battery. On the civil docket several cases were continued. Among those tried were: Elisha Coppersmith, Adm'r, vs. Stephen Wilson and wife. Judgment for plaintiff; S. C. Brown and others vs. F. F. Lamb, Claim of $1900, on breach of contract. Verdict for defendant; P. H. Morgan and J. E. C. Bell vs. Griffin Pritchard, for possession of land and lots in Elizabeth City. Verdict for plaintiffs.

The CAROLINIAN believes in Fairs and it has always advocated them. They are useful in divers ways, and those held in this county have borne rich fruit. The eight annual Fairs of the old "Albemarle Agricultural Society," which was the pioneer, awakened an interest in improved farming and better stock that soon became manifest, and the six annual exhibitons held by its successor, the "Elizabeth City Fair," have not only been educators and inciters to progress and improvement, but they have been promoters of incalculable good in the way of healthful relaxation and recreation amid the exhilerating and rejuverating sensations of meeting and shaking old friends by the hand and having a "royal good time" generally. Now, that the Elizabeth City Fair has closed its career—one that has been eminently successful and in every way honorable—by a practical business arrangement mutually agreed on, the attention and efforts of all be directed to sustaining the Park Fair in order that the good influence and beneficial work of Fairs may be continued in our midst.

Farmers are preparing to sow wheat.

Just before going to press we learn that the Perquimans "white cap" Wingate was sentenced to the penetentiary two years and Weeks one year.

—We are imitated by competitors in everything but prices. Robinson & Co.

Too little attention is paid to fruit raising in this locality. The fine samples on exhibition at the Fair demonstrate that it can be successfully grown.

——The BARGAIN COUNTER at Fowler & Co's is next the office. Be sure to look it over.

Somebody has written to the editor of a Western paper asking for the definition of "a flirt." A flirt, commonly speaking, is a woman who does things when she is young that she is ashamed of when she is old.

——Fowler and Co are clearing out their remnants at prices that "talk loud."

The secret of success in life is to keep busy, to be persevering, patient, and untiring in the pursuit or calling you are following. The busy ones may now and then make mistakes, but it is better to risk these than to be idle and inactive. Keep doing whether it be at work or seeking recreation. Motion is life, and the busiest are happiest. Cheerful, active labor is a blessing. An old philosopher says: "The firefly only shines when on the wing; so it is with the mind, when once we rest, we darken,'

——California canned goods in largest variety at Robinson & Co.

"I pray thee then," said Abou Ben Adhem to the angel, "write me as one who loves his fellow men." This seems typical of our century. A pessimist may deplore the lack of religious spirit in the writings of the day, and those who hold to special creeds may see no improvement in the relations of man to his creator, but no one can deny that there is more humanity nowadays than ever before, and that suffering of all kinds finds far more sympathy and relief than would have been meted out to it a hundred years ago.

——Those "Blazer Jackets" at Fowler & Co's are small in size and smaller in price. No good for 160 lbs of sweetness.

There is such a thing as giving too much advice. Like too much food, it is not digested. This is especially true of the child. What parent would give his child a pint of food if he thought that his little stomach could contain but half a pint. He will thrive better on a little well digested than he possibly can on a surfeit of it. So it is with advice. True, "line upon line, precept upon precept," is the divine rule, but that means portioning it to the child's capacity, rather than dealing it out by the bushel. "Here a little and there a little" must not be overlooked.

——Fowler & Co are closing out some lines of seasonable goods at cut prices—can't be appreciated until seen.

The CAROLINIAN has this to say to a correspondent. It believes in gold and silver and National paper money thoroughly protected by the pledge of the public faith, and maintained at par with each other in every part of the country, and wherever our flag floats. And this is the policy and the work of the Republican party. The result of this policy is that no man has lost a dollar for thirty years by bad money. Since resumption all our money has had the same value, the same purchasing power, in every part of our country; in the hands of the farmer, the laborer or the croaker.

——The New Lee Cook Stove takes less wood, does better work, and is the largest and neatest stove ever sold in this market. Robinson & Co.

There are some "go ody, goody" people who sneer at "practical politics." The CAROLINIAN don't agree with them. It holds that every American citizen of twenty-one years or upward ought to be a practical politician. Indeed, in a free Republic, where every man is a sovereign and a voter, it is his first duty to take sufficient interest in public affairs, to devote sufficient time to the study and investigation, and to be able to pass an intelligent verdict on all public questions brought forward to him for his consideration. No man has a right to ask that law and order be enforced, to ask protection to his person and property, unless he is willing to pay the inevitable penalty and price, and that is to show an individual, aggressive and intelligent interest and participation in public affairs. This is the "practical politics" the CAROLINIAN advocates and believes in.

——Oh my! Have you seen the new Mather fastening Kid Gloves? No buttons! No Hooks! and so convenient. Every pair warranted. They are for sale by Salomonsky.

LOCAL MENTION

Still in darkness. Give us light.

—The oystermen are beginning to resume.—Mr. Samuel R. Carrow, of Washington, spent a few days here last week and gave the CAROLINIAN a call. He left to spend some time in New York.—Miss Emma Cobb has shown us an English walnut from a tree grown in the yard of her father Geo. W. Cobb esq. It was planted twenty years ago and this is its first bearing.—We acknowledge a call the other day from Mr. G. B. Barnard of Bridgeton, N. J.—Never judge a man by the length of his creed, but by the breadth of it,—The book-keeper is home again.

No longer at the ocean's shore
He figures in a love affair,
He's in the counting room once more
And figures there.

—A tack points heavenward when it means the most mischief. It has many human imitators.—For want of brick, work on the new Engine house is still suspended. With continued good weather Thompson will soon have another large kiln ready.—Miss Updegraff and Miss Roach, of Hagerstown, Md., who have been visiting Miss Loumattie Guirkin, left for home on Friday. They were accompanied by Miss Guirkin and Miss Kate Pailin. A large crowd of young friends assembled at the Depot to bid them "good bye."—Cards are out announcing the marriage of Mr. Harry G. Price to Miss Mary Allen at Hawesville, Ky, on Thursday evening, October 8th.—His Honor Judge Brown paid the Grand Jury the high compliment of stating in open Court that their report was one of the best he had ever received. The Foreman of the CAROLINIAN was a member of it,—Arthur Spruill esq, of Columbia, was in the city over Sunday.—It is with narrow-souled people as with narrow-necked bottles; the less they have in them, the more noise they make in pouring it out.—One of our young townsmen has experienced the usual result He says:

When at the beach I met the maid
She tried her best to hook me;
When we returned to town the jade
Incontinently shook me.

—Sheriff A. F. Riddick, of Perquimans, called on Saturday and paid his respects to the CAROLINIAN. He came down for the two "white cap' prisoners confined for safe keeping in our jail,—Promises made in time of affliction require a better memory than people commonly possess.—The new pews of the Methodist Church have arrived. They are very pretty, being of birch and walnut finished to show the natural wood.—The Revenue Marine Cutter "Alert" returned from the Life Saving Stations on Friday.—The Elizabeth City Academy opened with 150 pupils.—There are more houses in course of erection in Elizabeth City than ever before. It isn't a "boom," but simply a healthy growth —What kind of philosophy is this?

"Is life worth living?" to himself he said,
And he answered "no," then he went to bed,
He woke with a cramp at the dead of night,
And sent for the doctor, half dead with fright.

—The work on the new passenger depot is in active progress.—The steam tug McIntyre is on Pailine Way's for repairs.—Said a visitor from another State at the late Fair, "I never saw so many pretty girls and handsome women at a public gathering before," This section is noted in this respect.—Complaining becomes habitual with many fault-finders.—Nice spots and other fresh fish in our market.—Farmers are trying to collect nickles and pennies for their cotton pickers.—Both Fair and Court weeks over, the town is not so full of strangers and visitors.—Jake Salomonsky the "old reliable" is now North after new goods.—Mr. E. F. Aydlett and family left Monday for Raleigh. Mr. Aydlett will attend Supreme Court and his wife will spend some time there.—Mr. Lev. Guirkin left for the Medical College at Baltimore yesterday.—C. W. Hollowell esq, has sent us a sample of pawpaw fruit. It is claimed to be excellent for pickling. It is pear shaped and about the size of a turkey egg.—Drs. Jno. R. Griggs and R. N. Cartwright have gone to attend a course at Bellivue Hospital, New York.—J. S. Wilcox, Deputy Sheriff, left on Monday with the colored man Rawlins for the Penetentiary.—The colored Baptists had an immersion at the usual place on Sunday morning.—The steamer "Bertie" is on Pailin's ways for repairs.—On account of rain the picnic of the Methodist Sunday School has been postponed.

The Award of Premiums.

The following are the names of the persons to whom premiums were awarded at the late Elizabeth City Fair:

STOCK AND POULTRY. J. F. C. Bell, M. D. Gregory, A. B. Walston, Miles Whitehurst, W. E. Hinton, J. D. Zollicoffer, Reuben Madrin, Joseph Pritchard, W. E. Wood, J. D. Weymouth Cader Jennings, Mrs. E. F. Lamb, Mrs. T. L. Sanderson, Mrs. F. F. Cohoon and A. D. Spence.

FARM PRODUCTS. Joshua Skinner, Joseph Smith, Mrs Nora Baker, M. D. Gregory, Geo D. Pool, James Smith, P. Johnson, Cader Jennings, Lemuel Jackson, S. N. Morgan, R. P. Jenkins, Dr. P. John, G. W. Morgan, W. A. West, Mrs T. P. Wilcox, Mrs J. D. Fulmer and M. L. Davis.

FRUITS. J. D. Weymouth, M. B. Culpepper, A. L. Spence, G. W. Morgan, W. A. West, R. P. Jenkins, Mrs J. F. Snell and T. P. Wilcox.

KITCHEN AND DAIRY. Mrs W. E. Wood, Mrs Rebecca West, Miss Annie Kramer, Miss Mattie Bland Mrs J. E. Wood, Mrs T. P. Wilcox, Mrs F. F. Cohoon, Mrs J. D. Fulmer, Mrs Mira T. Jenkins, Mrs J. W. Albertson, Mrs Nora Baker, Mrs L. L. Williams, Miss Marcie Albertson, Mrs S. N Morgan Mrs W. W. Griffin, Mrs N. Trueblood, Mrs May Waters, Miss Ella V. John, Mrs J. Y. Old, Mrs C. B. Brothers, Mrs T. L. Sanderson, Mrs D. S. Kramer, Mrs Jennie West, Miss Amelia Etringhaus, Mrs J. W. Albertson jr, Lemuel Jackson, A. B. Spence and Mrs D. B. Bradford.

LADIES WORK: Mrs N. Burfoot, Miss Camilla Gruber, Mrs. E. L. Mann, Mrs. Mira T. Jenkins, Mrs. C. W. Overman, Mrs. E Williams, Mrs. W. W. Griffin, Miss Cora Gard, Mrs. F. F. Cohoon, Mrs. T. P. Wilcox, Mrs. Jennie West, Mrs. N. Underwood, Miss Ella V. John, Mrs. J. Y. Old, Mrs. I. N. Tillett, Miss Anna Wozelka, Miss Minnie Spence, Mrs. W. O Temple, Mrs. Geo. Baker, Miss Mattie Bland, Miss Sophie E. Martin, Miss, Pattie Russell, Mrs. W. R. Capehart, Mrs. C. C. Price, Mrs. Cathrine Ehringhaus, Mrs. Ida Simpson, Mrs. Rebecca Lutz and Mrs. L. G. Underwood.

PAINTING AND FLORAL: Miss Clate White, Mrs. I N. Tillett, Mrs. Sarah J. Halstead, Miss Marcie Albertson, Jno F. Engel, Mrs. N. Underwood, Mrs. F. F. Cohoon, Mrs. Mira T. Jenkins, Miss Mattie Bland and Miss Ella V. John.

On Musical Instruments a diploma was awarded to A. Cohn for the best Piano, and diplomas to Hume, Minor &c. for the best Parlor and Church Organs.

The barrel of Patapsco Flour was awarded to Mrs. D B. Bradford, and the boxes of Rumford's Yeast Powder to Miss Sue E. Morgan.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results to not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. A. Wadsworth, druggists.

Quite a stir was made in Williamston during court week. One of the county officers not returning home as soon as his wife thought he should she went to hunt him and found him with another county officer and several lawyers in a gambling saloon. She quietly asked her husband if he did not think it would be better for them to be at home with their children. Turning to another man she inquired if he did not have a wife at home; he replied "yes." "Then you had better be at home with her."

Why suffer with sick headache and biliousness when Simmons Liver Regulator will cure you.

John A. Hyman, colored ex-member of Congress from North Carolina, died in Washington, D. C. the other day. He was the first negro to represent his race in the House of Representatives. He was born a slave, and a native of Warren county, N. C. For the past several years he has held a position in the agricultural department.

Simmons Liver Regulator cured me of general debility and loss of appetite.—Mrs. Edmund Fitton, Frankford, Pa.

The Raleigh Chronicle says: Mr. Patrick says that if there was a third more space at the Exposition building he could fill it ——It is said the street cars will run every ten minutes to the exposition grounds, and that the railway trains will run every fifteen minutes.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

AN old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipe, in German, French or English with full directions for preparing and using. Send by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 820 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

The claim is made that Jane Williams, colored, who died at Greensboro recently, was 122 years old. She had spent nearly all her life in Virginia, her last owner being R. J. Flippin, of Virginia.

Neuralgic Persons
And those troubled with nervousness resulting from cares or overwork will be relieved by taking *Brown's Iron Bitters.* Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH.

Fred Davis,
DEALER IN COAL.

COAL OF ALL SIZES AND OF BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
All Orders filled Promptly.
All coal is screened before leaving the yard, Lowest prices guaranteed.
Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C

SEE HERE!
Why pay rent when you can secure a home on small monthly payments?
APPLY TO
N. E. VOWLES,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

—TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.—

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in Effect June 1st, 1891.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express Trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City at 11.50 A. M., and on Monday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M.; Northbound, daily except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2.30 P. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8.00 A. M. Both trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk and Western Depot, Norfolk. Connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamers for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong rivers. Transfer steamer to Mackey's Ferry, then by N. & S. R. R. to Roper, Pantego and Belle Haven connecting with steamer Haven Belle for Bay River, South Creek, &c

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal Points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH
FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.

The new and elegant Steamer Nanse leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M. for Newberne, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, Charleston, &c, and with the R. & D. R. R. train for Raleigh, Greensboro, &c. Returning, leaves Newberne Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale on board Steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and Morehead City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern R. R., Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street Station; Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 71 North River.

For further information apply to T. Selby Harney, Agent Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, General Manager. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen. Frt. & Pas. Agt.

Norfolk and North Carolina
CANAL COMPANY.
S. W. GARY, Superintendant.

The Norfolk & North Carolina Canal will admit sharp built vessels drawing five feet water; lighter-built vessels, four feet.

The Locks will admit vessels 90 feet and 18½ breadth of beam.

Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binder, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to the satisfaction to the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from the Office at Norfolk.

Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beams (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

20 Years Established.
G. S. PALMER,
Wholesale Commission Merchant
FOR THE SALE OF
FRUITS AND PRODUCE,
POTATOES, MELONS, & VEGETABLES.
166 READE ST., NEW YORK.
All sales remitted for promptly, and direct to the shipper. No Agents employed.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned have entered into partnership to carry on the UNDERTAKER'S Business at this place as the successors of the late John H. Ziegler, and at the old stand. In accordance with the wish of the said deceased, expressed in his last will and testament, the business will be conducted in the name of "JOHN H. ZIEGLER" as heretofore.

We will endeavor to serve the public in our line of business upon the same principles of fairness and honesty as were always observed and acted upon by our honored predecessor.

A full supply of Metalic Cases, Cloth Covered and Wooden Caskets kept on hand

March 6, 1889.

CHRISTINA ZIEGLER,
FRED H. ZIEGLER.

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for *Moderate Fees.*

OUR OFFICE is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington

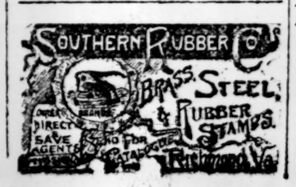
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents with names of actual clients in any State sent free. Address,

C. A. Snow & Co.
OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE,
Washington, D. C.

H. Hiltgartner Sons
STEAM
Marble Granite Works, Monuments, &c.
Marble and Slate Mantels, Wainscoting Encaustic and Marble Tiling, Furniture & Counter Slabs, Etc., Etc.
526 & 528 West Baltimore St
BALTIMORE, MD.

F. H. ZIEGLER, Ag't, Elizabeth City.
L. F. ZIEGLER, Ag't, Edenton, N. C.



ELIZABETH CITY
CRYSTAL ICE COMPANY.
Flora & Brockett, Proprietors.
PURE ICE IN 200 POUND BLOCKS AT
Wholesale and Retail,
Cheaper and better than river or pond ice.
Nothing equal to it for the household.
Or for Fish Oysters, &c.
Quotations cheerfully given. Special prices for fifty or more tons.
ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

THE
A B C
OF OUR BUSINESS
Attentive to All
Below in Price,
Careful to Please.

Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Crockery, Tin-ware, Paints, Oils, Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Cement, &c&c
ROBINSON & CO.
Water Street, - - - Elizabeth City, N. C.

AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } AT FACTORY PRICES

That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months. Notwithstanding this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and continues to increase.

Here's Food for Thought
in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have money to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for a number of years and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how it may be best served. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and it will pay you

To Examine Our Stock of
Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, Lead, Zinc, Varnishes and colors, Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddles, Whips, Ship Chandlery, Hay, Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.

Quotations Cheerfully Given. Lowest Prices Guaranteed. { J. B. FLORA,
New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C.

The Largest Stock Of
Dry Goods, Notions and Shoes
Ever Shown in Elizabeth City,
Are now open for your examination at
Fowler & Co's.
——With prices to please both at——
Wholesale and Retail.

NOTICE THIS!
And after you read this advertisement call at my store and examine my stock of
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES and HATS.
&c., &c, and if you see my goods
you will be sure to make a purchase that will please you and make you a customer ever afterwards. Call and look at my stock.
R. SALOMONSKY.
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.
Oh my! Have you seen the new Mather Fastening Kid Gloves? No buttons! No hooks! and so convenient. Every pair warranted. They are for sale by Salomonsky.

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE
Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,
Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity.
Because people of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.
THE BEST PEOPLE
are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them. Once one they are staunch customers, not to be budged by blister.
All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods, in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality.
MOSES WEISEL.
WATER ST, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Furniture, Wares and Stationery.
I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of
Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery, Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glassware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c, &c.
Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES! Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low.
——If You Want to Save Money Call and See Me.——
P. W. MELICK,
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

PENSION FIGURES.

The Commissioner's Annual Report to Secretary Noble.

About 30,000 Names Added to the Rolls Each Month.

The annual report of Commissioner Raum of the Pension Bureau, just submitted to the Secretary of the Interior shows that on June 30, 1891, there were 676,160 pensioners borne upon the rolls of the Bureau, being 138,216 more than were carried on the rolls at the close of the last fiscal year. They are classified as follows: Widows and daughters of Revolutionary soldiers, 23; Army invalid pensioners, 413,597; Army widows, minor children, etc., 108,537; Navy invalid pensioners, 5449; Navy widows, minor children, etc., 2598; survivors of the War of 1812, 7560; survivors of the Mexican War, 16,379; widows of soldiers of the Mexican War, 6976. Following are the number of pensions of the several classes granted under the Act of June 27, 1890: Army invalid pensioners, 97,131; Army widows, minor children, etc., 12,209; Navy invalid pensioners, 3976; Navy widows, minor children, etc., 1436. During the last fiscal year first payments were paid upon 131,169 original claims, requiring $31,391,538 for their payment. This is an increase in the number of original payments over the year 1890 of 64,582. The aggregate cost, however, was $1,087,302 less.

There are 222,531 first payments of every description, requiring $38,552,274. The aggregate annual value of the 676,160 pensions on the roll June 31, 1891, was $89,247,200, and the average annual value of each pension was $139.50, and the average annual value of each pension under the act of July 27, 1890, was $121.51. There will be a deficiency in the appropriation for the payment of fees and expenses of examining surgeons of about $300,000.

The total amount disbursed on account of pensions, expenses, etc., during the fiscal year, was $118,544,950.71, as compared with $106,466,800.19 disbursed during the preceding fiscal year; so that it appears that 138,216 pensions were added to the rolls during the fiscal year just closed, at an increased cost to the nation of $12,055,069 as compared with the expenditures for the previous fiscal year. Pensions were granted in each of the last four years as follows: 1888, 13,173; 1889, 145,298; 1890, 151,658; 1891, 250,565.

It has been a prime object, says the Commissioner, to put as many cases as possible in train for completion. With this end in view, 635,041 orders were made for medical examinations, and 474,696 medical certificates of examinations have actually been received. The remarkable fact is disclosed that fifty certificates were issued to men who served from 161 to 476 months. It also appears that of the 71,004 persons to whom pensions were granted under the Act of June 27, 1890, 1163 were issued to soldiers who served six months and under; 26,059 to persons who served a year or under, and 44,905 to persons who served thirteen months and over, and that the largest number of certificates issued to any class was 4663 to men who served thirty-six months. The age of the greatest number of pensioners under both the old and new law was forty-seven years.

During the last year 20,325 pensioners were dropped from the rolls for various causes, and of this number 13,229 were dropped by reason of death. It is estimated that 1,004,658 soldiers were killed in battle or died during and since the war. On June 30 last 124,750 of these dead soldiers were represented on the pension rolls by their widows or other dependents. There are about 1,208,707 soldiers of the Union now living, and of the survivors 529,158 are now on the pension rolls. There are, therefore, 688,549 survivors who are not pensioned and 879,908 dead soldiers not represented on the pension rolls.

In concluding his report the Commissioner says that on an average about 30,000 pension certificates are being issued each month, and that during the current year he expects that as many as 350,000 claims will be adjudicated, for which he believes the present appropriation of $133,175,085 will be amply sufficient.

AGED TRIPLETS HONORED.

William, Matthew and David Grant Celebrate Their Birthday.

Torrington, Conn., has had the distinction of honoring William Allen Grant, Matthew Anderson Grant and David Augustus Grant, in all probability the oldest triplets in the world.

The old gentlemen are remarkably well preserved for persons of the advanced age of seventy. They appeared at the reception tendered them by the business men of the place, sang some old hymns with wonderful fervor and seemed to enjoy the occasion very much.

The Grant brothers were born in Torrington, Conn., September 23, 1821, and have always lived there. They are steady, sober, industrious men. They are the off-spring of Augustus and Amelia Cone Grant.

General U. S. Grant was a direct descendant of the same stock, being a cousin of the now famous triplets. The Adventist preacher, Miles Grant, is also a cousin. The family descended from the original English settlers, coming to Dorchester in 1630 and then settling in Windsor, the parent of this colony coming to Torrington.

The triplets have all raised families. Daniel lives with his second wife and had two children—a son and a daughter. The son was killed in a railroad accident; the daughter is still living. William likewise lives with his second wife and has two children. Matthew is still living with his first wife and has one daughter. All the children live in that vicinity.

A peculiar circumstance is that three of the cousins, children of the triplets, were born within a period of six weeks.

The exercises in honor of the Grants' birthday were formally opened with a musical programme and the singing by the triplets of the olden time songs as sung half a century ago, after which there were speeches. After the completion of the exercises, which took place at the Opera House, a reception was given at a neighboring hotel.

William and Daniel look much alike, and are often mistaken, one for the other. They all have light gray eyes, white hair and bronzed and weatherbeaten countenances, and look uncommonly well for men seventy years old.

FATAL CELEBRATION.

Three Men Killed and Twenty-five Wounded at Newark, N. J.

A horrible accident occurred at an Italian celebration in Newark, N. J., by which three persons were killed outright and twenty-five persons seriously, and some of them fatally, injured. The residents of the Italian quarter in Boyden street celebrated a festival which is known as St. Roco's Day, in a three-story house, No. 23. Chinese lanterns, decorations of all kinds and a shrine were among the outdoor attractions.

Among the novelties provided for the entertainment of the celebrants was the explosion of a lot of dynamite inclosed in a gas-pipe. This piece was fired about 10:45 o'clock, the people being grouped in close proximity to the gas-pipe. The explosion came with the most violent effects. Scarcely had the detonation died when the air was filled with shrieks, cries and groans of pain from a quarter of a hundred people, who had been torn and wounded by the powerful explosion.

The scene was one of terror and confusion as the terrified people rushed wildly around not knowing where to go. Word was telephoned to the Second Precinct. A squad of men was dispatched to the scene, and all four patrol wagons were dispatched to the spot. They were kept busy until long after midnight in removing the wounded to the different hospitals.

GALES IN ENGLAND.

Several Vessels Wrecked and Great Injury to Crops.

A dispatch from Berwick-on-Tweed, Northumberland, England, announced that a furious gale has been raging there and that several vessels have been wrecked. Only one life is reported lost. Much damage has been done to the harbor, which has recently been so much improved. The crops throughout the borough have suffered severely.

Several yachts have been sunk at Llanfairfechan. Heavy floods prevail in the Edinburgh district. A number of pleasure boats have been destroyed at Porto Bello and the pier has been damaged. Railway bridges at Penicuick and in the Esk district have collapsed, and traffic is interrupted and in many cases suspended.

In the River Mersey much damage has been done to shipping. At Blackpool, Lancashire, houses have been inundated and a great amount of damage has been done to the crops. Reports from several sections of North Wales show that the storm has flooded the valleys in that section of the country and that the farmers have suffered severely.

Two hundred convicts in the jute mill at San Francisco, Cal., went on an unsuccessful strike for better food and more tobacco.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

MRS. HARRISON, wife of the President, and her friends from Auburndale witnessed, with 75,000 others, the Venetian carnival on the Charles River at Waltham, Mass.

JAMES E. OSTRANDER, of Kingston, N. Y., was arrested for stealing $75,000 from the Ulster County Savings Institution, of which he was treasurer.

FIRE at Barton Landing, Vt., damaged that town to the extent of $275,000.

JOHN W. AND FRED WALMSLEY, twins, aged nine, were drowned at the lower end of the Passaic Falls, Paterson, N. J. They were in swimming, when one of them slipped off a rock. His brother jumped after him, and both sank.

AN attorney for parties unknown has paid to the State National Bank at Boston, Mass., $18,180 as "conscience money." This lawyer does not himself know from whom this money comes.

REV. FATHER MULLONEY, pastor of the Roman Catholic Church at Granville, Washington County, N. Y., dropped dead on the altar while saying mass. The congregation became greatly excited.

LUTHER O. GREENE, Inspector of Finance of the State of Vermont and for about thirty-five years editor and proprietor of the Woodstock *Standard*, died suddenly at Montpelier. For two years past he had been President of the Vermont Press Association.

JOSEPH F. KNAPP, President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York City, died at sea on board the steamship Champagne.

AN unknown disease is attacking the cattle in Pennsylvania, almost always with fatal effect. It is believed to be a form of Texas splenetic fever. When attacked the animal's head falls helplessly and its legs seem unable to bear the weight of the body.

A FREIGHT wreck occurred two miles east of Greensburg, Penn., demolishing forty freight and twenty cattle cars. Engineer Rogers and Brakeman Wadsworth were fatally injured, a tramp killed and Fireman R. E. Stanley seriously injured.

THE Italian citizens celebrated in New York City the twenty-first anniversary of the end of the temporal power of the Pope.

BY the fall of a roof in the Cayuga colliery at Scranton, Penn., James Horan, a miner, and two Hungarian laborers were instantly killed.

THE Butler County Bank of Millerstown, Penn., owned by H. J. Hoyt, suspended payment. The embarrassment created a panic at Millerstown, and judgments were entered against a number of residents.

F. W. DUNLAP, a deputy delinquent mercantile tax appraiser of Philadelphia, Penn., pleaded guilty to conspiracy to defraud the city and was sentenced to two years in the Eastern Penitentiary.

THE courthouse at South Atkinson, houses, barns and bridges were blown down by a storm in Piscataquis County, Me., and Mrs. Hall, of Orneville, was killed by a falling chimney.

THE contest of the $30,000,000 will of Mrs. Hopkins-Searles was commenced in Salem, Mass. Mr. Searles said the first proposition of marriage was made by his wife.

South and West.

THE United States Savings Bank of Topeka, Kan., which failed last March and was reopened July 2, has been again placed in the hands of a receiver.

FIERCE forest fires raged in Wisconsin. Several villages and much valuable farm property have been destroyed.

A VOTE at Chicago, Ill., as to whether the World's Fair should be kept open on Sundays showed the citizens overwhelmingly in favor of its being open.

ALBERT MOREA, alias Grant Kitchen, the colored wife murderer, was hanged in the county jail at Savannah, Ga. R. H. Duncan, the four-times murderer, paid the penalty of his horrible crime on the gallows at Eagle Pass, Texas.

THE State Constitution of Wisconsin has been stolen from the archives.

AT Port Neuf, Idaho, passenger trains Nos. 1 and 2 collided, killing five men and seriously injuring several others. The killed are L. Weidemyer, mail clerk, and four Indians from Fort Hall Reservation.

WORKMEN on the railroad saw a woman walk to the Great Northern bridge, at Sioux Falls, South Dakota, throw a boy eight years old into the river, hurl an eighteen-months-old baby after him and plunge into the water herself. All perished. The woman is the wife of a contractor named Neprosich and had become crazed on account of her husband's business reverses.

ANTON SIEBOLT, who pounded James Meighan to death, was taken from the Darlington (Wis.) jail and hanged.

THE first foreign flag has been raised on the World's Fair ground at Chicago, Ill. It is that of Turkey, and was displayed on the site appropriated for the Constantinople exhibition. The Turkish Consul led the ceremonies.

AT 12:30 o'clock in the morning three strangers, who wore silk handkerchiefs over their faces, walked into the office of the Pacific House, the leading hotel of St. Joseph, Mo., situated in the very heart of the city, and deliberately robbed the clerk of over $800 in cash and valuables. The men drew large revolvers and ordered the clerk to throw up his hands.

THE Cleveland Hotel and ten business houses were burned at Sheffield, Ala. The buildings are a total wreck, and the loss is about $110,000.

THE extra session of the Tennessee General Assembly came to an end at Nashville without any action having been taken upon the convict lease system. More trouble was indicated among the miners at Briceville in consequence.

THE St. Paul (Minn.) public schools closed during the latter days of September on account of the heat.

A CONVICT in the San Quentin (Cal.) State Prison, named Henry Baker, killed a fellow-convict named James Bailey by plunging a knife into his neck, while eating his supper.

ENGLAND and Germany have practically chosen sites for their buildings at the World's Fair, Chicago, Ill. England is to erect a splendid structure on the lake shore, where the stone pavilion in Jackson Park now stands. Germany's building will be located farther on the lake shore, near the Mexican quarters, or just south of the west annex to the Fine Art Palace, near the Michigan and Ohio buildings.

Washington.

SECRETARY TRACY awarded the contract for building torpedo boat No. 2 to the Iowa Iron Works of Dubuque at $113,500.

THE President issued his proclamation opening the new lands in Oklahoma for settlement on Tuesday, September 22.

SIR JULIAN PAUNCEFORTE, the British Minister, has complained to the State Department of an alleged violation of the modus vivendi, in relation to the seal fisheries.

PLANS have just been approved by the War Department for additional buildings at Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y., which will give accommodations for a regiment and a half of troops.

COLLECTOR HENDRICKS, of New York, called at the White House and spent an hour in consultation with the President.

THE Attorney General has given directions to dismiss the second libel against the Chilean vessel Itata, and she will be immediately released and free to resume traffic.

SENOR DON BENJAMIN MOLINA GUIROLA, the Minister from Salvador, presented his letters of recall to the President. The usual courtesies were exchanged.

THE larger postoffices are soon to be furnished by the Postoffice Department with stamp canceling machines; these can cancel the stamps on 1500 letters every six minutes.

THE American Pomological Society held its annual biennial session in Washington.

THE eleven Division Superintendents of the Railway Mail Service held a meeting in Washington to discuss matters of detail in the improvement of the service.

UNITED STATES MINISTER EGAN notified the State Department of Balmaceda's suicide. It was a short dispatch and merely stated the fact and that the deed was done at the Argentine Legation. Tranquility prevails in Chili.

Foreign.

THE damage done by the floods in Spain is estimated at $4,000,000; the bodies of 1200 victims at Consuegra have been buried.

THERE was a heavy storm in Labrador. Two fishing vessels, the Parsee and the Amazon, returning loaded with fish, were wrecked, nine seven men were drowned. In the same gale the schooner Blossom struck Gull Island, Notre Dame Bay, and went to pieces; five men and one woman were drowned.

SPAIN has officially recognized the provisional government of Chili.

A GREAT coal vein has been discovered in Spitzbergen, and it is probable that Russia will enforce her claim to the island, which heretofore has been regarded as valueless.

THE Holland budget shows a deficit of $1,000,000.

THE overturning of a mail coach near Geneva, Switzerland, resulted in the death of two women and the injury of three others.

THE Pope received 2000 French workmen who visited Rome as pilgrims.

AGOB PASHA, Kazazian Minister of the Civil List and formerly Minister of Finance, was thrown from his horse in Constantinople and so seriously injured that he died in an hour.

DR. CHARLES PELLIGRINI, President of the Argentine Republic, has signed a bill providing for a representation at the World's Fair and appropriating $100,000 or that object.

AN explosion took place at the Farchies-La-Manche colliery, near Charleroi, Province of Hainaut, Belgium. The number of dead is twenty-nine.

EXTRAORDINARY high tides have done great damage to the marshes of Westmoreland County, New Brunswick.

SEVEN miners were killed and many seriously injured by an explosion of fire damp in Silesia.

A SERIOUS riot occurred during a bull fight at Marseilles, France. Displeased citizens drove bulls and toreadors out of the arena, heaped and burned the seats, and were only quieted when repeatedly charged by a force gendarmes. The building was finally cleared and the flames extinguished. Many arrests were made.

SIR JAMES FERGUSON, Bart., Political Secretary of the Foreign Office, has been appointed to the office of Postmaster General of Great Britain, vacant through the death of Henry Cecil Raikes.

CHILIAN soldiers in Santiago are in revolt at the bad food they receive. The British Government has recognized the Provisional Government of Chili.

Two passenger trains collided between Golaczowry and Wolbrom, Prussian Silesia. The cars were shattered to splinters, and ten persons were killed and many injured.

IN the House of Commons, Ottawa, Canada, the opposition impeached another member of the Government, the Postmaster General, Hon. John Haggart, who is accused of participating in the profits of a Government railway contract and agreeing to the firm's subscribing to Government election funds, charged to the firm's profit.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

CHICAGO has won the pennant.

PITCHER NICOL has been released by Chicago.

THE army of disengaged ball players grows larger daily.

DEAF-MUTE HOY is now leading run-getter for the St. Louis team.

THE League will have the cream of the playing talent next season.

THE ex-League players all show up strong in the American Association.

DENNY has signed to play third base for the Philadelphia League Club.

CAPTAIN DUFFY, of Boston, has sacrificed more than any other Association player.

AFTER joining Cincinnati Browning made safe hits in twenty-one consecutive games.

BIERBAUER has picked up greatly in batting since leading off Pittsburg's batting list.

MANY of the defunct New England League players are now playing with country clubs at $5 a game.

COLUMBUS is the weakest hitting team in the Association, and Washington the poorest fielding team.

THE Honolulus are champions of the season of 1891 and winners of the trophy in the Hawaiian Islands.

MCPHEE, of Cincinnati, has the best fielding average of any second baseman in League or Association.

CATCHER BUCKLEY, of New York, is laid up with a strained leg, and Clarke is doing all of the catching.

FIVE Association clubs — Boston, Baltimore, Athletic, Washington and St. Louis — have made money this season.

THE Cincinnati outfielders, Browning, .338; Halligan, .319; Holliday, .391, are among the first seven batsmen in the League.

BENNETT, the Boston League catcher, once had an arm as dead as Ewing's, of the New York's, but one winter in the New Orleans climate cured him.

CONNOR, Richardson, Bassett, O'Rourke, Gore, Tiernan, Rusie, Buckley, John Ewing and Clarke have borne the brunt of the work for the New Yorks this season.

SHORT-STOP MCKEAN, of Cleveland, has played in the League since 1887, and in all that time never had a bruised or broken finger; in fact, never had his hands hurt badly enough to quit a game.

THERE is no let-up in Hutchinson's wonderful work. In fact, now that the Chicago pitcher has more rest than earlier in the season, he is even more effective than formerly, and that is saying much.

IN batting in the Association teams, Brouthers leads Boston, Sutcliffe leads Washington, O'Neill leads St. Louis, Donovan leads Louisville, Wood leads the Athletics, Van Haltren leads Baltimore, Duffee leads Columbus and Mike Kelly leads Cincinnati.

IN a game at Indianapolis a few days ago all the players on both sides had either lost an arm or a leg. The innings were played with a crowded many ball downs, get-ups, strike-outs and rib-roasters. The playing was excellent on both sides. At first the team with one leg won, but the tide turned. At the ending of the game the score stood seven to two in favor of the one-armed side.

NATIONAL LEAGUE RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Chicago	80	48	.625	Cleveland	59	72	.450
Boston	78	50	.609	Brooklyn	55	72	.433
New York	67	54	.554	Pittsburg	55	72	.430
Philadel	67	61	.524	Cincin'ati	49	80	.380

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Boston	87	39	.690	Columbus	61	73	.455
St. Louis	88	47	.638	Milw'kee	58	71	.450
Baltimore	68	58	.540	Louisville	49	79	.383
Athletic	67	63	.515	Wash'gt'n	41	85	.325

DROWNED IN THE HUDSON.

Three Men, One Woman and a Child Go Down Off Low Point.

Three men, one woman and a little girl were drowned in the Hudson River, opposite Low Point, twelve miles south of Poughkeepsie, on a recent afternoon. They were all Poles and were strangers in the locality.

They hired a boat at Hampton to row across the river at Low Point. When about one hundred yards from the east shore the boat overturned, and all sank immediately, except one man, who clung to the capsized boat, but he let go and sank before help could reach him. Only one body, that of a man, has been recovered.

THE Junta of Chili published a decree recognizing the paper issue by Balmaceda. The amount is $27,000,000, and it is almost the only money in circulation. General satisfaction is expressed with the decree. The first result was the opening of all the banks.

THE MARKETS.

39	NEW YORK.		
Beeves	2 00	@	4 50
Milch Cows, com. to good	20 00	@	45 00
Calves, common to prime	2 25	@	5 00
Sheep	3 75	@	4 50
Lambs	5 10	@	6 00
Hogs—Live	5 60	@	5 80
Dressed	7	@	8
Flour—City Mill Extra	—	@	5 25
Patents	5 40	@	6 00
Wheat—No. 2 Red	1 02½	@	1 03
Rye—State	—	@	98
Barley—Two-rowed State	90	@	92
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	70	@	73
Oats—No. 1 White	33½	@	34½
Mixed Western	32	@	33
Hay—Fair to Good	65	@	70
Straw—Long Rye	55	@	70
Lard—City Steam	6 80	@	6 90
Butter—State Creamery	24½	@	25
Dairy, fair to good	18	@	23
West. Im. Creamery	14	@	20
Factory	13	@	15½
Cheese—State Factory	7	@	9½
Skims—Light	4	@	6½
Western	8	@	8½
Eggs—State and Penn	—	@	21
	BUFFALO.		
Steers—Western	1 50	@	3 25
Sheep—Medium to Good	3 85	@	4 25
Lambs—Fair to Good	5 00	@	5 30
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	4 95	@	5 25
Flour—Winter Patent	5 00	@	5 15
Wheat—No. 1 Northern	1 02½	@	1 05⅝
Corn—No. 2, Yellow	—	@	58½
Oats—No. 2, White	—	@	32
Barley—No. 2 Canada	—	@	85
	BOSTON.		
Egg—Near-by	—	@	25
Seeds—Timothy, Northern	2 00	@	2 25
Clover, Northern	10	@	11
Hay—Fair	15 00	@	16 00
Straw—Good to Prime	14 00	@	15 00
Butter—Firsts	20	@	23
	WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.		
Beef—Dressed weight	4	@	6¾
Sheep—Live weight	3	@	4½
Lambs	5	@	6½
Hogs—Northern	5	@	6¾
	PHILADELPHIA.		
Flour—Rye	4 75	@	4 85
Wheat—No. 2 Red, Sept	1 04½	@	1 04⅝
Corn—No. 2 Mixed, Sept	69	@	70
Oats—Ungraded White	34½	@	35
Potatoes	25	@	30
Butter—Creamery Extra	24½	@	25
Cheese—Part skims	6	@	7½

MAD RUSH FOR HOMES.

Exciting Scenes at the Opening of Eastern Oklahoma.

Boomers Pour Over the Line and Pick Out Their Farms.

A dispatch from Guthrie, Oklahoma says: At noon Eastern Oklahoma was thrown open and fully 60,000 persons entered the reservation from the west and south. The wildest of scenes were enacted and several persons were shot.

Two colored men killed in a fight at Langston, the shooting of a woman who attempted to cross the border before the alloted time and the drowning of two men in the Cimarron River were the principal events reported in the great rush for the Oklahoma lands.

The population of Oklahoma increased 20,000 in one day. No country in the world has a record of any such sudden growth.

That morning the settled area of the Territory numbered 3,000,000 acres and the population was 60,000. Between noon and sunset 1,500,000 acres were added to the area, and the population is now 80,000.

All along the line during the morning the scene was one of great excitement. People on foot, people on horseback, people in buggies, in wagons, men, women and children, were gathered in groups a short distance apart. The scene at 12 o'clock, when the signals were fired, was one never to be forgotten. Out from the line and across the rolling prairie horsemen shot like missiles from a catapult. Covered wagons filled with people rushed up hill and down dale, and hundreds of home-stakers on foot started valiantly forth in search of the coveted claim.

The pent up excitement found vent in the firing of revolvers and rifles, shouting and singing and cracking of whips and furious driving and running. The horsemen, of course, had the advantage over every other man in the race and most of the racers were horsemen. The man who had proceeded to the border on a prairie schooner with his family left the schooner, family and one horse on the border and mounted the other and became a horseman. After locating his claim he will return and direct his possessions to his new home. Men who came with nothing but money purchased saddle horses, ponies, mules or any kind of an animal that would carry a man, while others rented them. Some of the more desperate cowboys mounted steers, and the latter, joining in the stampede, carried their riders to the interior, while others were unceremoniously unhorsed, or unsteered, not far from the border.

A pistol shot fired by an army Lieutenant was the signal for the waiting crowd at Choctaw City to start in the big race for the new country.

When the signal shot was fired it was exactly 12 o'clock, according to central standard time. The crowd had ranged up as closely as possible to the line until they looked right into the eyes of the soldiers who were there to see that no one got in ahead of time. The tall young Lieutenant galloped along the line of waiting settlers and told them that the signal for starting would soon be given. When he arrived at a point near the centre he drew his revolver and rapidly discharged its six loads into the air.

The first report had no longer rung out when the great crowd commenced to move. It was a Derby that is simply beyond description. There were blooded Kentucky racers, Texas broncbos, mules and ox teams. Everybody applied the whip and spur, and many were the catastrophes, although none of them was serious. It was a race that few men want to undergo more than once, and the man who reached a claim and found it unoccupied was lucky indeed.

Every man going into the country carries a gun and a whisky bottle, and many are going to their death.

A crowd of nearly 3000 that was in camp in Topee started in a body for the new county seat of Chandler. They declared that they would not wait for the survey to be completed, but will take the town by force, and if they fail in this they will found a town in the adjoining section. The company of soldiers at the town have orders to shoot, and blood will flow if the attempt is made.

At Langston the colored people were very excited. The signals of a gang of cowboys camped near by inflamed their anger, and mutterings were heard on every side. From Cimarron City five hundred Presbyterians led by a tall, raw-boned preacher, started for the land of promise led by their modern Messiah.

At the Sac and Fox Agency on the east side the crowd was very turbulent, and several men were killed during the morning. Along the line whisky jugs and bottles were plenty and many men were intoxicated. The one hundred deputy marshals and handful of soldiers were unable to do anything with the crowd. The number of women on horseback was remarkably large, and fully twenty per cent. of the claims will be secured by the fair sex.

In Guthrie everything was deserted. Stores are closed and doctors, lawyers, preachers and everybody has gone to the new Eldorado. The boomers bought so many supplies that a provision famine now exists. Hundreds of men who arrived on the midnight train could not get conveyances and are walking to the line, while scores slept in the streets.

One girl of twenty-one from Winfield, Kan., walked ten miles on foot to establish a claim. A colored woman with a baby in her arms and leading a six-year-old boy, walked fifteen miles and secured a claim. One woman of sixty-five went on horseback, and two women rode on with little children on horses behind them. There are 6000 people in town, and the worst kind of a scramble for the 2000 lots is going on. At the northern county seat, the survey is not completed, and 10,000 people are being held at bay by soldiers. The crowd will attempt to capture the town site.

The reservations of Pottawatomie, Shawnee, Iowa, Sac and Fox Indians amount to 1,287,000 acres. Part of the land is prairie, part in timber and much broken, and not over half of it is suited for farming. The reservations lie directly east of the settlement part of Oklahoma, and are divided into two counties, with 320 acres reserved at the centre of each for the county seats. The location of the county seats is on poor broken ground, timber underbrush and rocks, with absolutely no water. Both towns have been named. The one that is to be the county seat of the northern county is Chandler, named for the Assistant Secretary of the Interior, and the southern town is Tecumseh. H. D. Baker, of Oklahoma City, has already been appointed Postmaster of the coming town of Tecumseh.

A careful man estimates the number of actual settlers who went into the Indian lands on the opening day to be from 20,000 to 30,000. Of these it is estimated that 10,000 will settle in the new cities and towns which will spring up. The other 10,000 are men and women who want farms. The total number of acres which have been thrown open to settlement is 890,000. This, divided into tracts of 160 acres each, will give farms to 5000 people, and the result is that not less than 5000 others will be disappointed. When in connection with this is taken the fact that of the 890,000 acres ready for settlement, at least one-eighth is unfit for cultivation, it can readily be seen that there will be much suffering in the new lands.

WILLIAM L. SCOTT DEAD.

The Pennsylvania Millionaire Expires Suddenly at Newport, R. I.

Ex Congressman W. L. Scott, of Pennsylvania, died suddenly before midnight at Newport, R. I. He was taken there about two weeks before from his home in Erie, Penn., suffering with acute gastro-intestinal catarrh. It was believed that the climate would be beneficial. Mr. Scott's death was sudden and unexpected and was due to repeated heart failures, his gastric trouble being improved and there being no organic disease. Mr. Scott had been ailing for some weeks. His family were notified and all were present at the end, which was peaceful and painless. His body was taken to Erie, Penn., for burial.

Mr. Scott was born in Washington, D. C., July 2, 1828, of Virginian parentage. He was early left an orphan and in destitute circumstances. He began his career as a page in the House of Representatives, General Reed, of Erie, Penn., who then represented that district in the House, started him as shipping clerk in the lakes trade. Mr. Scott subsequently became largely interested in the coal and iron business and also in railroads. He married the sister of Frank D. Tracy, of the New York Stock Exchange. In politics he was a Democrat and was elected a member of the Forty-ninth Congress. Mr. Scott was also a prominent patron of the turf and owned many good race horses. He was a Director of the Union Pacific, Lake Shore, Northwestern and Canadian Southern Railroads, and latterly was a speculator on the New York Stock Exchange.

ALL natives of Italy who failed to perform military duty from the class of 1848 to that of 1872 have been granted amnesty and may now visit their native land without fear of molestation.

LATER NEWS.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA has again appeared among cattle in New Jersey. Government inspectors have been sent there to stamp it out.

IN the Hopkins-Searles will contest at Salem, Mass., Mr. Searles testified that the annual income of the Hopkins estate was about $600,000. He and his wife received forty-five per cent. each, which was deposited in his name.

THE President on June 3 granted a pardon to Robert Sigel, son of General Sigel, of New York, convicted of forgery and sentenced to six years' imprisonment at hard labor, the pardon to take effect at the expiration of two years and nine months of actual imprisonment. A few days ago the President granted a full pardon "in view of the extreme illness of the prisoner, and the fact that the term will expire in December."

THE Ordnance Bureau of the Navy has succeeded in procuring the most rapid of rapid-firing guns in the world. The Dashiel four-inch gun was recently tested at the Indian Head proving grounds with the service-charge of Brown powder, firing in salvos of five rounds. The first five were fired in twenty-six seconds, the second in twenty-two seconds, and the third in seventeen seconds.

COMMODORE RAMSEY, Acting Secretary of the Navy, received a request that the Cushing and Stiletto be allowed to take part in a race with the fleet steam yachts Vamoose, Norwood and Javelin. Although the naval officers feel confident of the ability of the Cushing to hold her own in such a contest, the request was not granted, as naval vessels are not permitted to engage in racing.

ACCORDING to a census bulletin the real estate mortgage debt of Kansas, January 1, 1890, aside from State and railroad land contracts, was $235,485,108. Of this amount $167,145,039 is almost exclusively on farms.

"EX-GOVERNOR ALBERT P. MOREHOUSE committed suicide at his residence in Marysville, Mo. Several weeks before the Governor was much overheated while driving cattle, and had been in a nervous condition ever since. He was born in Delaware County, Ohio, July 10, 1835, and came to Missouri in 1856. He was a lawyer by profession.

THE whole of the business portion of Bradley, South Dakota, is in ashes. Nine stores, the M. E. Church, a hotel and one house were burned.

MAJOR MCKINLEY spoke at the Coal Palace at Ottumwa, Iowa.

W. H. DAVIS, who murdered his mother and her alleged lover, James Arnold, at Pueblo, Col., because they refused to give him money with which to continue his drunken spree, was executed in the prison yard at Canon City, Col.

THE Western and Brazilian Cable Company has just laid a new cable between Santos and Pernambuco. The cable steamer Silvertown is about to lay a cable from Pernambuco to the Island Fernando do Noronha and thence to St. Louis, Senegal, Africa.

RUSSIAN troops are being steadily moved westward; Russia is said to be meditating an entrance into Rumanian territory.

THE festivities in celebration of the restoration of peace in Chili passed without political disturbance.

IN Oito Prefecture, Japan, 3000 cases of dysentery are reported, with 700 deaths.

THE King of Belgium has received Henry M. Stanley's resignation as Governor of the Congo States. The post has been refused by a German officer of colonial experience, now in Africa.

THE monument of the Tammany regiment on the battlefield of Gettysburg, Penn., was unveiled with appropriate ceremonies. Headed by a band the ninety survivors of the regiment marched in front of the monument. It stands on Hancock avenue, about 200 feet from "Bloody Angle," where Pickett's famous charge was repulsed. Addresses were made by Colonel John R. Fellows, an ex-Confederate, General Daniel E. Sickles, General Martin T. McMahon, General Ely S. Parker, Barlow S. Weeks, Commander of the Sons of Veterans, and Captain J. M. Ellendorf.

THE first instalment of nickel-steel plate made in this country for actual use has just been delivered at Cramps' shipyard, Philadelphia, Penn. It is three inch protective deck-plate for one of the triple-screw cruisers.

FOUR HUNDRED Smith's College girls attended a woman's suffrage meeting in Northampton, Mass.

THE religious sect of Schwenkfelders celebrated at Clayton, Penn., the 127th anniversary of the landing of their forefathers in this country. Besides the congregation located there there are only four in the country, and all were in attendance.

THE boiler of Berlin's new sawmill at Bear Creek, Penn., exploded, completely demolishing the mill and instantly killing J. Elva Berlin, James Conger, and Charles B. Grove, all well-known lumbermen.

FIRE destroyed the five-story brick building of the Moorewood Carving Machine Company at Minneapolis, Minn., causing a loss of about $200,000. Twenty firemen were hurt by the falling in of the top of an elevator located in the rear of the burned structure.

IN Lewis County, Ky., near the mouth of Kinniconick Creek, Thomas Carr, a farmer, aged thirty years, cut the throats of his wife and his mother-in-law. Then he cut his own throat. His weapon was a large corn knife. All are dead. He was insanely jealous.

DAN SULLIVAN and Tom Johnson, members of a logging party, were burned to death in the forest fires near Hickley, Minn. The prairie fires in South Dakota were extinguished by a heavy rain.

THE Republican State Convention of Nebraska met at Lincoln and nominated for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, A. M. Post. For Regents of the State University, H. P. Shumway and Charles Maple.

THE President appointed Charles W. Erdman, of Kentucky, to be United States Consul at Stockholm, Sweden.

SECRETARY FOSTER has awarded to Albert Owen, of Trescott, Me., a silver life-saving medal for his bravery in rescuing three men from drowning near Eastport, Me., on July 10, 1887.

SECRETARY FOSTER says it will take $2,000,000 to refund the excess of duties collected on hat trimmings, in accordance with the agreement arrived at with the importers.

AT the meeting of division superintendents of the Railway Mail Service in Washington, a resolution was passed calling upon the Civil Service Commission to adopt a physical examination for applicants, in addition to the mental one now in vogue.

AN express train running between Burgos and San Sebastian in Spain came into collision with a combined goods and passenger train. Fourteen persons were killed outright and many others were injured.

THE Argentine Government, as a measure of economy, has abolished its Legations at Vienna, Lisbon, Berlin and Mexico, which will effect a saving of $100,000 a year.

ABUNDANT harvests are reported from most of the Turkish Provinces, especially from those in Asia Minor. It is estimated that the tithe revenue will exceed that of any previous year by 500,000 Turkish pounds.

A CHINESE fleet has been dispatched to the scene of the recent disturbance, and China asks France to suspend action in the matter. China assures the Western nations that she will protect foreigners within her borders.

THE absence of soft water is no excuse for drinking hard.

WORLD'S FOOD SUPPLY.

An Exhaustive Study of Europe's Breadstuff Shortage.

Deficit of 200,000,000 Bushels of Wheat and Rye.

An exhaustive study of the world's food supply in the forthcoming number of the *American Agriculturist* emphasizes facts of grave importance to both America and Europe. It declares that the half has not been told about the European shortage in breadstuffs, which not even a bountiful crop this year would have relieved. Continental powers, especially Russia, suppress the facts as far as possible. In many Russian provinces the scarcity of food became pronounced as far back as February last. In the Konstantinovka district many families have not cooked a meal since Easter, but subsist on bread, snake rye, grain, etc., bestowed in charity. The prohibition of rye exports is followed by a ukase forbiding the shipment of bran and other cereal cattle foods. The astounding shortage in Russia's yield of rye, announced a month ago by the Ministry of Finance, proves even greater than the most extravagant estimates, and effectually obliterates all possibility of Russia exporting any of her scant wheat crops. That eastern Germany is in practically the same plight admits of no doubt. The European reserves that have heretofore eked out insufficient harvests are everywhere exhausted. The parade made by Russia of the existence of such stores in the Baltic provinces is done for effect, to convey the impression that military stores are abundant. Such reserves are of small importance. Indeed, the danger of famine is destined to spare Europe the horrors of war for fully a twelvemonth hence.

Accepting the largest estimates of production, both at home and abroad, and even assuming that the United States and Canada can export 225,000,000 bushels, the *Agriculturist* still finds a deficit in the world's food supply of at least 200,000,000 bushels of wheat and rye, with a possibility of the shortage being twice as great. Added to this is the